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AMMAN SUNDAY AUGUST 14, 1988, MUHARRAM 1, 1409

Price: Jordan 190 fils; Syria I pound; Lebanon I pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

### AROUND THE WORLD...

### Stedel They's British diplomat holds 'useful' talks in Iran

TEHRAN (R) — The first Briosh diplomat to visit Iran in more than a year held what he described as a useful first session of talks with senior Foreign Ministry officials Saturday. David Reddaway. who is expected to spend three weeks in Tehran, said be would meet the officials again Sunday. He declined to comment on the issues discussed. Before leaving Loodon, he said he boped to make progress in securing the release of Western bostages held in Lebanon. refer to may r

### Iranian foreign minister in Damascus

DAMASCUS (AP) — Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar the Ig Velayati arrived Saturday for talks expected to touch on foreign hostages in Lebanon and other issues of mutual concern. Vetayate the content of t

### Mine explodes in Johannesburg

The last a JOHANNESBURG (AP) — A limpet mine exploded Saturday in a shopping centre, seriously injuring a black security guard, police and witnesses said. The bomb was apparently contained in a parcel outside a boutique. It exploded as the guard was approaching it, said a nearby shopkeeper. The guard was hospitalised with unspecified injuries. A white man and woman were slightly injured in the explosion at 11:35 a.m. (0935 GMT), on the lower level of the Hyde Park shopping mall, which houses movie theatres, a supermarket, boutiques and high-priced delicatessen shops.

### Suspected Basque bombs damage French firms

MADRID (AP) — Extremists went on a bomhing spree against French firms in northern Spain Saturday, setting off explosions that caused extensive damages but no injuries at six auto dealerships and a dairy, officials said. Local government spokesman said they suspected the Basque separatist group ETA, which has attacked French-linked targets in the past to protest expulsions of suspected ETA members from France to Spain.

### President of Soviet Turkmenistan sacked

MOSCOW (R) - The head of the Supreme Soviet of the Soviet Central Asian Republic of Turkmenistan has been relieved of his post for "defects in his work," TASS said Saturday. Bally Yazkuliyev, 57, who held what is effectively the desert republic's - presidency for almost 10 years, will be replaced by one of his deputy prime ministers, Roza Bazarova. The official Soviet news agency did not give any further details of the reasons for his ousting at a session of the republic's Supreme Soviet, addressed by Turkmenistan Communist Party chief Saparmurad Niyazov.

### Soviet INF experts inspect U.S. sites

FRANKFURT (AP) — Soviet missile experts fanned out Saturday to inspect four U.S. military sites in West Germany covered by the superpower agreement elimioating intermediate-range nuclear forces (INF). The 40 Soviet inspectors left the U.S. Rhein Main air . no issues force base ocar Frankfurt in the morning, accompanied by American military personnel, the air force said. "The Soviet teams made their declaration at 0815 (0615 GMT) this morning and notified United States and German authorities of the destination of each team," said an air force statement. "All four sites available for inspection in Germany will be visited by Soviet teams today."

### 30 killed as buses collide in Iran

NICOSIA (AP) — Two buses collided in northern Iran, killing 30 people and injuring 50, and two earthquakes rocked the southern city of Bushehr, Tehran Radio reported Saturday. The radio said the two vehicles collided on the beavily travelled Tehran-Tabriz highway Friday. Other than reporting the casualties, it gave no further details. The earthquakes were centred at Bushehr in southern Iran and measured 6 and 6.2 oo the Richter scale, the radio reported in a broadcast monitored in Nicosia. It did not say when the quakes occurred. Injuries and damage had not been reported so far, the radio said.

### 14 villagers massacred in Philippines

MANILA (R) — Macbete-wielding men massacred 14 villagers, including three children, in the Philippines Saturday, police said. The men broke into the homes of three families outside the city of Tacloban in the central province of Leyte and reportedly raped two women before killing the group and escaping, police said. Two children survived. The killings are believed to be over a family feud, police said.

### Officials flee S. Yemen, opposition says

SANAA (R) - Several bigh-ranking South Yemeni officials and airforce officers fled to Sanaa to join ousted President Ali Nasser Mohammad, an opposition statement said. It said the deserters included Hisbam Hael, deputy minister of fisheries. Abdullah Abdul Jabar, bead of the Western Europe department in the ruling Marxist Party, an airforce major, a pilot and Naser Haythem, head of the financial department at the Foreign Ministry in Aden. The statement, issued in Nasser Mohammad's name, said the men reached Sanaa earlier this month after travel restrictions between the two Yemens were eased in July.

### IRA claims Ostend attack

OSTEND, Belgium (AP) — The Irish Republican Army (IRA) Saturday claimed responsibility for the killing of a British soldier who was gunned down in his car at a traffic light in this North Sea port. The IRA statement to the news media in Britain also said: We reiterate our call to civilians and the families of soldiers not to work? travel with crown forces personnel." Belgian police, meanwhile, continued to search for two men who carried out the attack Friday night on Richard Michael Heakin, 38, of the Royal Regiment of Wales' First Battalion. He had a wife, a nine-year-old son and seven-year-old daughter.

### S. African-Argentine row grows

PRETORIA (AP) - Argentina's consul will be expelled from South Africa within 30 days if the Argentine government doesn't reconsider its expulsion order against the South African consul, Minister of Foreign Affairs Pik Botha said Saturday. In a message sent from Vienna, where he is participating in negotiations for South Africa to sign the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty, Botha said Argentine Consul H.R. Basso would be given the same amount of time to leave the country as South Africa's consul, Dirk de Wet, was given, unless Argentina reconsiders its decision. Argentina earlier in the week ordered de Wet and three other South Africans out of the country for allegedly violating their visas. The government said they had wanted to visit Argentina for talks with the consul, but then participated in a pro-Sonth Africa seminar organised by the consulate.

### Delegates present PLO assessment

## King explains W. Bank decision to PLO team

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer with agency dispatches

AMMAN — His Majesty King Hussein met Saturday with a high-level delegation from the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and discussed Jordanian-Palestinian relations in the wake of the Kingdom's decision to sever formal ties with the Israeli-occupied West Bank, the Jordan News Agency, Petra,

lah Hourani, Abdul Razak Al tive Committee, and Hani Al

Petra said the monarch re- Yahya and Mohammad Milhem, ceived Mahmoud Abbas, Abdul- all members of the PLO's Execu-

Hassan, a senior adviser to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat. The delegadoo presented to

the King a full evaluation on the Palestinians' current situation and the PLO directives following Jordan's recent measures to sever legal and administrative des with the West Bank," Petra said.

It said those measures "enbanced the organisation's role worldwide and gave it an international prominence.

The agency said the King "explained to the delegation the national motives and considerations of the Jordanian moves and (Continued on page S)

### Palestinian shot dead, 11 wounded in W. Bank, Gaza

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM drive to work. (Agencies) — Israeli troops sbot dead one Palestinian and wounded eight others in the occupied Gaza Strip Saturday.

In another incident, a pro-Israeli Palestinian opened fire and wounded three Arabs from the village of Beitin, officials at Rafidiyeb bospital in Nablus told

Saturday's fatality brought the Palestinian death toll to 252 since the Palestinian uprising broke out in the West Bank and Gaza Dec.

An Arab journalist, who asked not to be named, said Palestinians in the Gaza Strip refrained from using cars, buses and taxis Saturday to protest Israeli orders calling on them to buy new automohile licence plates. Many

has the capability to produce nuc-

lear weapons, Foreign Minister

Asked wbether South Africa

had a ouclear bomb, Botha told a news conference: "We have the

capability to make one... we have

the capability to do so should we

But Botha, speaking after talks

with U.S., Soviet and Britisb

officials on the possibility of Pre-

toria signing the nuclear Non-

Proliferatioo Treaty (NPT), de-

Asked wbether South Africa

South Africa has long been

already bad nuclear weapons, be

said: "I'm not going to enlarge on

widely believed to be developing a nuclear bomb. Nigerian Oil

Minister Rilwann Lukman last

year accused Pretoria of testing

clined to say more.

that statement.

nuclear weapons.

Pik Botha said Saturday.

want to."

S. Africa admits having

nuclear arms capability

VIENNA (R) - South Africa would have to negotiate an agree-

France.

In the open air vegetable market of Rafah, on the Egyptian border, protesters hurled stones

at Israeli troops who opened fire to disperse them, an army spokesman said. One protester was killed and

three others sustaioed unspecified wounds, including a 15-yearold girl, said the spokesman and officials at Nasser Hospital in Khan Yunis. The officials identified the dead man as Mohammad 'Eid Abu Rizek.

Protests later spread to Khan Yunis, where five protesters were. shot and sustained leg wounds, the hospital officials said. The clashes were apparently

ignited when two Palestinians, ooe from Rafah and the other from Khan Yunis, died this stores in Gaza City were shut week in a fire set by arsonists in because their owners could not or Yehuda, outside Tel Aiv,

ment with the International Ato-

mic Energy Agency (IAEA) allowing agency officials to visit all its nuclear plants.

spectors to visit some of its nuc-

lear plants under a "safeguards"

programme, aimed at balting the

spread of nuclear weapons from

the five traditional weapons

states - the United States, the

Soviet Union, China, Britain and

But the IAEA bas long sought

access to a uranium enrichment

plant near Pretoria capable of

making weapons-grade material.

to know "whether the provisions of the NPT would be applied to

us in a non-discriminatory man-

ner if we are to consider joining

"I can certainly not advise my

overnment, nor can our experts,

Botha said Pretoria would want

South Africa allows IAEA in-

according to the Israeli version of the incident.

The fire was set overnight while the Palestinians, who worked in Israel, were asleep in their hut. Police have yet to arrest any suspects. A third Arab was seriously injured in the fire.

The army, meanwhile clamped curfews on four neigh-bourhoods in Rafah, the military spokesman said.

Another Arab journalist told the AP three Palestinians from the village of Beitin were shot and wounded by an Arab known to collaborate with Israel. He said the man opened fire at

a Palestinian flag hanging on a telepone pole and when villagers rushed towards him, he directed his gunfire at them. An official at Rafidiyeh hospit-

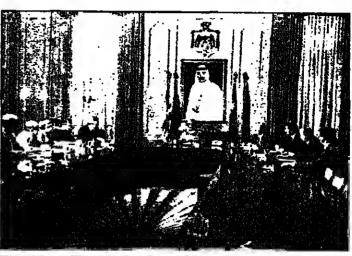
al io Nablus said one of the wounded men, Taisir Ghanem, 18, who was hit io the groin and operated oo, told him be was shot by a collaborator. Another Palestinian sustained

serious head wounds, the official In another development, three

Palestinian workers were severely beateo by Jewish assailants while at work in the Tel Aviv suburb of Givat Shmuel, the Israeli Itim reported. The assailants also attacked the

Arabs' Jewish employer who rushed to the aid of his workers and smashed the windows of his truck.

The attack was unprovoked, Iom reported.



His Majesty King Hussein Saturday bolds talks with a Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) delegation in a meeting attended by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai and senior officials (Petra photo)

### **Royal Decree names** four new senators

AMMAN (J.T.) - His Majesty The appointments take effect im-King Hussein Saturday replaced mediately. House of Parliament (Senate). A Royal Decree carried by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, said Ahmad Obeidat, Akef Al Fayez, Nizam Al Sharabi and Jamal Al Khreisheh were appointed sena-tors in place of Hikmat Al Masri, Walid Salah, Abdul Majid Shoman and Nayef Al Khreisheh.

Obeidat served as prime minister before Zaid Rifai formed his government in April 1985. Akef Al Fayez served as speaker of the now-dissolved Lower House of

Sharabi is a former cabinet member and Khreisheh is a tribal

### **Gulf combatants** exchange flowers

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — Iranian and Iraqi soldiers exchanged flowers and kisses instead of bullets after bearing of a ceasefire in the Gulf war, Iraqi soldiers said

The soldiers, returning on leave from the front, said in Baghdad the Iraoians broke the ice at several points along the 1,200-kilometre front by walking

"They gave us flowers. We and Friday." gave them flowers too and anything else we could find," one soldier told Reuters.

The fraternisation followed U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar's announcement last Monday of a ceasefire date in a war which has lasted nearly eight years and cost an estimated one millioo lives.

At one point, Iraqi and Iranian troops met for an impromptu swim in a river which had separated them. "We laughed, joked, threw water at each other and kissed each other on the cheek,'

a soldier said. On the northern front, Iranian soldiers waving white flags post.

brought cold drinks to the Iraqis and were given watches in return. another soldier said. Iranians and Iraqis also fired in

the air to celebrate. "They were pointing and gesturing to say, from now oo we only fire at the sky'," one Iraqi said.

Iraq's United Nations mission said in a statement Friday that Iranian troops fired hundreds of shells at Iraqi positions Thursday

It was the second such complaint in 24 hours. Iraq accused Iran Thursday of firing more than 400 shells and mortar bombs at posicions on the southern front.

Tehran also denied that report. The Iranian news agency IRNA quoted what it called an informed source at the general command as saying Saturday that Baghdad was making false allega-

Major-General Stavko Jovic of ceasefire observer team, met officials at U.N. headquarters late

Yugoslavia, newly appointed commander of the U.N. Gulf Friday before taking up his new

The finance minister said

100,000 sacks of sorghum had

been taken out of a reserve stock-

pile to overcome a bread shor-

ports of differences between the

government and donor countries

over putting Sudan's military in

charge of the retief operation.
"We are proud of our armed

forces and their performance,"

Nour Al Dayem rejected re-

## Sudan says foreign flood relief just 'drop in ocean'

be said.

KHARTOUM (Agencies) — A government minister said Saturday foreign aid to help nearly two million Sudanese made homeless by the flooded Nile amounted to "a drop in the ocean."

Finance Minister Omar Nour Al Dayem, quesconed about flood victims complaining they were not being belped, told Reu-

"Relief has so far been little. It is a drop in the ocean compared

to the problem."
"It is true that many people have not received assistance. What we have here is nearly two

million people made homeless." The minister said in the interview that foreign countries were widening their participation in relief operations.

He did not elaborate. But at least a dozen countries are sending aid, including Jordan, Egypt, Saudi Arabia, Libya, Turkey, Britain and the United States.

The Nile continued to rise mexorably, fed by heavy rains in the headwaters of the White and Blue Nile tributaries. A storm thundered over Khartoum in the early hours Saturday but only light rain fell.

A 13-hour downpour last week washed away thousands of mud huts in the capital, leaving at least a third of the four million inhabi-

tants homeless. The Sudan News Agency (SUNA) said the Nile in Khartoum had reached 16.06 metres, just below the level of the 1946 flood which was the worst in

living memory.

they expected the flood to peak in Khartoum in the oext two to three weeks. The Nile flows on into Egypt and the annual flood provides the lifeblood of Egyptian agriculture. Life was slowly returning to

normal in some parts of Kliar

Government officials have said

toum, but high water and poor management prevented distribution of relief supplies to hard-hit areas, Egypt's Akhbar Al Yom oewspaper said Saturday. The Cairo daily newspaper Al Ahram said hundreds of tons of

supplies were in Khartoum, waiting to be distributed. The rains that swamped Khar-

toum and other cities in eastern and northern Sudan killed at least 39 people and caused \$200 million in damage, Major-General Al Fateh Abdoun, a city official, was quoted as saying by Akhbar Al Yom.

Some of those hardest hit were nearly one million people who fled drought and civil war io Sudan's rural areas to seek refuge in squatter settlements ringing Khartoum.

The government has declared a six-month state of emergency to cope with the flood.

SUNA said the central region of Sudan had now been declared a disaster area and the governor was on his way to Khartoum to discuss the situation with Prime Minister Sadeq Al Mahdi. Mahdi said during a tour of

flood-stricken areas of the capital Wednesday he was shocked that negligible aid was reaching vic-

### Jordan celebrates Islamic **New Year**

AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan Sunday celebrates the Hijra New Year with religious ceremooies to be beld in various mosques in

The anniversary is that of the emigration of the Prophet Mohammad from Mecca to Medina on bis mission to spread Islam throughout the Arabian Peninsu-

la, and later to the outside world. Speaking to the Jordan News igency, Petra, on the eve of the New Year, Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Secretary-General Abdul Salam Al Abbadi said the occasion "offers an opportunity for Muslims to celebrate the real beginning of Islam with its cultural, social, political, spiritual and military institutions paving the

### King receives greetings

AMMAN (Petra) — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak Saturday telephoned His Majesty King Hussein to offer his greetings on the occasion of the Islamic New Year. The King also received congratulatory cables on the occasion from government teaders and senior officials. Among those sending the cables were Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Armed Forces Commander-in-Chiel Field Marshal Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, the directorsgeneral of the Public Security. General Intelligence and Civil Defence departments and senior officials from various parts of the Kingdom.

The cables expressed pride in the King and in the efforts he exerts in support of Arab/ Islamic issues and in reinforce ng Arab solidarity.

They also recalled the Prophet Mohammad's sacrifices for Islam and the role Al Hussein Ibn Ali and King Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein played for the Great Arab Revolt and for attaining independence for Arab countries.

ground for the propagation of the oew religion to the whole world." "It was because of the great

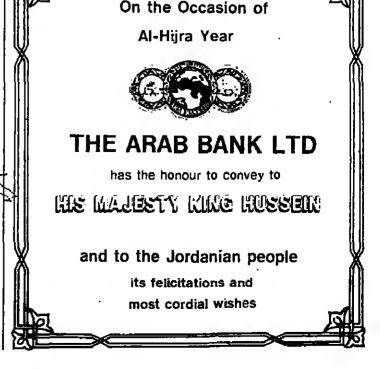
significance of the emigration tHijra) that the commander of the faithful, Omar Ibn Al Khattab. decided to consider the start of the emigration as the date for the hegiooiog of the Islamic Abbadi said that it was in Medi-

na, where the Prophet Mohammad took refuge from the people of Quraish, that all Islamic institutions were first established. Preachers at various mosques in the Kingdom have been entrusted with giving sermons explaioing the meanings of Hijra and to organise seminars at Isla-

occasioo, Abbadi said. He said the Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs would hold a celebration at the Husseini Mosque in Amman Monday afternoon and ootable Muslim scholars woold address the worshippers.

mic cultural centres to mark the

All government departments and public institutions will remain closed Sunday for the occasion.



#### Bnt Botha said his country if we are not satisfied that there is would not be rushed into signing something in it for us. This the 1970 NPT, under which it not take place overnight." something in it for us. This does Najibullah seen facing 'crucial survival test'

cial capital of Kunduz could be a crucial test of the Kabul government's ability to survive a Soviet troop withdrawal, Western diplomats said Saturday.

against counting out Afghan leader Najibullah too soon, saying rebels had yet to prove they could hold a provincial capital for more than a few days. "The regime may be shaky, but

there is no sign it is going to collapse in the immeduate future," one diplomat commented. As the withdrawal of some 100,000 Soviet troops from Feb. 15. Afghanistan neared its halfway point, the mortar and artillery

battle between Afghan government forces and the rebels was continuing around Kunduz, Western sources in Kabul said. Kunduz lies just 60 kilometres south of the Soviet border. The guerrillas launched their new

offensive against the town early

this week just after Soviet troops pulled out. The town has been under daily

KABUL (Agencies) — A battle rocket attack. The bazaar has for control of the Afghan provin- been open only a few hours a day with some merchants openly displaying portraits of rebel leader Shah Massoud, the sources told Renters

On Friday evening, a Soviet But the diplomats warned military source acknowledged that the rebels were holding about two-thirds of the city, with entrenched government forces controlling the airport area.

The new rebel offensive is seen as a test for the Afghan army to show its fighting ability once its Soviet backers are gone. Half the Soviet troops are due to be pulled out by Monday, and the rest by

### Zia hits India

Pakistani President Mohammad Zia Ul Haq bas said Saturday India and the Soviet Union were collaborating to prevent an Islamic government from taking power in Afghanistan.

Talking with a panel of Pakistani newspaper editors, Zia said the Soviet Union was behind India's belated interest in Afghanistan's

### Of Places and People

DURING the short period I lived the other side of their sin was that in Nazareth, I attended Sunday School. One important part of the activities which the supervisor performed was narrating Biblical stories. That was a new experience for me. Our teacher then The one story which caught my was a good story-teller; and stories from the Bible were, if I remember correctly, a matter of conviction. I listened with interest to the story of the Creation. How great it was that God made man out of earth. What I prohably missed, then, was that God made man after His image. and after His likeness. That was incomprehensible to me. But then Adam and Eve committed a sin. They were punished. I saw their

punishment in a double sense.

First, they must have felt asbamed to be naked suddenly.

Nakedness was 10 me then the

mnst shameful way people could

appear. I had had no experience of a beach and bathing suits; this

they rohbed us of an easy life. Our teacher, I am sure, must have tried to imprint in our minds the idea of the "original sin"; but that was beyond my comprehen-

imagination was that of Lot and his wife. The people of Sodom and Gomorrah had done great evil in the eyes of the Lord; and "the outcry against them was great and their sin was very grave," so He punished them in this way: "Then the Lord rained on Sodom and Gomorrah brimstone and fire from out of heaven; and He overthrew those cities, and all the valley, and all the inhabitants of the cities and what grew on the ground." However Lot, his wife and their two daughters were saved, because they bad been ordered out of the place. But they were warned not to look hack. Lot's wife, who was walking behind

## In the Land of Lot

him, "looked hack and she became a pillar of salt."

The dramatisation of the story by our teacher left such an impression on me. Prohably the horror of the punishment, probably the statement that a person may become a pillar of salt and many other things horrified me; and this remained with me for some time. We were also told that the Dead Sea and the volcanic mountains which surround it were the result of this "hrimstone and fire" which fell from heaven.

More elevating and sublime were the two stories told by our Sunday School teacher concerning the baptism of Christ in the River Jordan, a short distance before its entry into the Dead Sea, and of Jesus's forty days fasting at the top of mount Qruntul (Qarantel), which overlooks the southern parts of the Jordan Valley, and the Dead Sea.

So when the principal of our college announced that he was

Dead Sea, the River Jordan and Mount Quruntel during the coming Christmas vacation. I hastened to register for it. My mother approved of the trip. The college, it was stated, would pay for transport and food. Arrangements were made for us to stay at the Coptic and Greek Orthodox monasteries or at the mosque. Students who wished to do so, i.e. who could afford it, could stay at the botel for 15 (Egyptian) piastres (= about three shillings of the currency of the day). I stayed at the two monasteries with a number of students.

The journey from Jerusalem to Jericho took almost a full day by carriage (the return journey being an ascent from 390 metres below sea-level to about 750 metres above, took a little

Needless to say I kept the idea of looking for the pillar of salt

myself. But on our way from Jericho to the Dead Sea and hack I found no trace of such a thing. I could not believe that the area could have been the result of immediate "burning"; neither could I understand what our teacher had told us. I think it was then that I, consciously or otherwise, began to draw some question marks about the validity of Old Testament stories. I was not, I believe, in a position to think of them metaphorically.

This experience was of great value to me. It gave me first hand information regarding that part of Palestine. We walked (some students hired donkeys) and enjoyed the warm winter of the region. When I returned I had treasured some knowledge, and this was totally different from what our Sunday School teacher had told me. Later it was explained to me that the whole unusual structure

organising a visit to Jericho, the which had been Lot's wifes, for was the result of geological faults.

Dead Sea, the River Jordan and myself. But on our way from Now whether God had punished the people of Sodom and Gomorrah in that particular fashion or not was no more my concern.

Jerusalem has a large Coptic monastery, which had been there for centuries. It is not its history which concerns me at present. My aunt, like many people, had rented rooms at the monastery. I visited her frequently. One day she took me to meet the superior of the place. I went with some hesitation. I had had some unpleasant experience with some high ranking Greek monks at the Greek Orthodox monastery. But when I mei Father Yuhama Alf Antuni Al Bahjuri, I changed my mind. To begin with he treated me as a human being, not as a kid who was seeking his blessings. His questions centred around our college library and the books we read. Our library, by the way, was then a modest collection of a few bundred volumes. His own

library, as I could judge, was he held, constituted the needs of higger than ours. He merited me the Arabs. Further, he was a to borrow some of his own books to read. I did and made that a freedom of individuals and socie-

approaching. He gave me a few volumes to take with me to Jenin. sciences and was a Darwinist. He did not just shout. He pointed

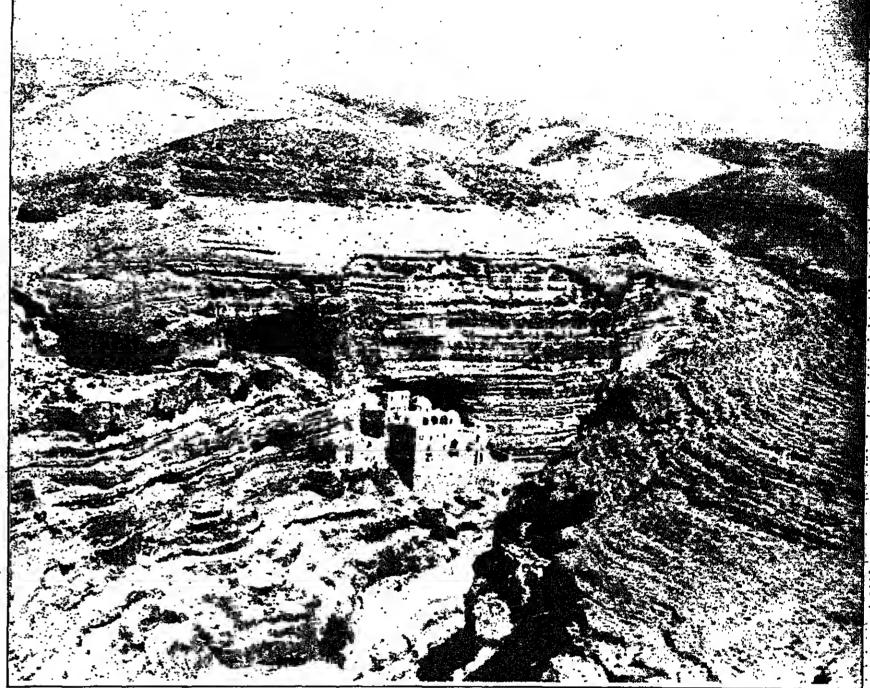
I spent the summer (1923) at the way. Jenin and Nazareth Although I read other hooks. I concentrated received my diploma and was to on Shmayyil's work. The man, an be appointed as teacher, I had intellectual leader of the modern treasured from these three Arah renaissance (19th-20th cen- at the college much more tury) was an adamant believer in many others of my classic the need for Arabs to throw did. I collected some themselves completely into the knowledge - but I had lie fields of sciences. Literature, law, many values, bad formed an legal studies and traditional phi- tude of doubt and developed losophy could not serve a renaiss- assertion for theoretical inform ance in his days. Mathematics, tion - literature, law and physics, chemistry and the like, subjects!

patron of free thinking and the ty. To him the shackles which Then the summer vacation was bound the Arabs, irrespective of their origin and nature, had to be broken. He was, as I appreciated Not religious books - nothing of him then, a man who looked the sort. One volume was a col- forward - a futuristic, if you lection of articles by Shihli wish. He did not wish the Arabs Shmayyil, a Lehanese physician, 10 look hackwards — forward who lived in Egypt, wrote about forward, forward was his theme

So when on July 2, 1924 I



(Left) Salt crystals on the shore of the Dead Sea were interpreted by the Bible as being remains of people punished by God for their sins and (right) the Orthodox monas tery of St. George on the Mount of Temptation in the wilderess near Jericho.



# JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

### **JORDAN** TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME ONE Programme review
Children's programmes 14:20 ..... Religious programme Historical film 18:00 ...... News summary in Arabic 18:05 .......... Local programme 18:20 Programme on Islamic New Year ..... Local programme Programme review PROGRAMME TWO

..... Rue Carnot .... News in Hebrew ......... Check it Out ..... Documentary: "Footsteps 22:00 ..... News in English 23:20 Magnum
23:10 Fawliy Towers RADIO JORDAN

855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW

	l: 774111-19
	Morning Show
97;30	Newsdesk
08:00	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
11:05	In Concert
	News Summary
	Pop Session
	News Summary
	Pop Session contd.
	News Bulletin
	Instrumentals
	Science Report
	Concert Hour
	News Summary
	Old Favourites
	Listeners' Choice
	News Summary
	Rhythm and Blues
19:00	Newsdesk
	Date with a Star
	Evening Show
21:00	News Summary

21:05 ...... Evening Show continued

News Summar ...... Evening Show continued
News Summary
News Headline

### BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 700, 1323 KHz

67:00 Newsdesk 67:30 English Songsmiths 67:45 Reflections 67:50 Financial Review 68:60 World News 68:09 Twenty-Fours Hours: News Summary 68:30 Personal View 68:45 The World Today 69:00 Newsdesk 69:30 Meridian 10:00 World News 10:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 16:30 From the Weeklies 19:45 Network UK 11:00 World News 11:09 Reflections 11:15 A Jolly Good Show 12:00 World News 12:09 British Press Review 12:15 The World Today 12:30 Financial News follawed by Sports Roundup 12:45 Personal View 13:00 News Summary lallowed by Here's Humph! 13:15 Letter from America 13:30 Feature 14:00 World News 14:09 News about Britain ter from America 13:30 Feature 14:00 World News 14:09 News about Britain 14:15 The A-Z of Hollywood 14:30 Mendian 15:00 Radio Newsteel 15:15 Multitrack 3 15:45 Sports Roundap 16:00 World News 16:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 16:30 Network UK 16:45 Sportsworld inc. News Summary 16:30 Network UK 16:45 Sportsworld inc. News Summary 18:00 Pacific Newsteel 18:16 mary 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15 Sportsworld 19:00 World News 19:09 News about Britain 19:15 Sportsworld 20:08 World News 20:09 Words 20:15 The Ken Bruce Show 20:45 Sports Rnundup 21:00 Newsdesk 21:30 Prom Concert followed by News Summary 22:30 Feature 23:00 World News 23:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 23:30 Meridian 24:00 News Summary followed by A Life at the UN 90:1S The Idea of Europe 01:00 World News 01:09 From Our Own Carrespondent 01:25 Nature Notebook 61:40 Reflections 01:45 Sports Roundup 02:00 World News 02:09 Words 02:15 The Tony Myan Request Show

### VOICE OF **AMERICA**

MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 1174. 11925 and 15210 Hz

97:00 News 97:10 VOA Morning 98:06 News 98:10 VOA Morning 09:00 News 89:10 VOA Morning 18:06 News 18:10 New Horizons 18:36 Studio One 19:00

News 19:10 Encounter 19:30 Special English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 Critic's Choice 20:30 Issues in the News 21:00 News 21:10 Encounter 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 Sunday Report 22:30 Music, USA Standards 23:00 News 23:10 The Concept Hall 23:85 Editorial 23:10 The Concert Hall 23:55 Editorial 24:00 News 00:10 New Horizons 00:30 Studio One

#### CULTURAL **CENTRES** & LIBRARIES

Royal Cultural Centre .. Tel. 66102677 American Centre Library ..... ..... 641530 .... 636147/8 . 637009 . 641993 . 644203 . 624049 Soviet Cultural Centre ... Spanish Cultural Centre urkish Cultural Centre . . 639777 667181/6 Y.W.M.A. Amman Municipal Library .... .. 637111 Univ. of Jordan Library . Abdul Hamid Shoman Ammao Municipal Library ..... 637111

### MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museam." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Cantre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.
Folklore Museam: Jewelry and cosmes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: H2s an excellent collection of the anti-quities of Jordan. Jabel Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 s.m. in 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a Journal Namean Gauscy; Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jahal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m.-6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. Martyra' Memorial (Milliary Museum: Cullection of military memorabilia daing from the Arab Revelt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

### SERVICE CLUBS

The Amman Lions Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Regency Palace hotel, 7:30 p.m. Lions Philisdelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at ery second and fourm weinesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Clab. Meetings every Wednesday at the Huliday Inn. 1:30 p.m. Rotary Clab. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2:00 Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Am-man, Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261

### PRAYER TIMES

05:35 12.40 16:21 'Ast

### CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Caurch of the Amandation (Roman Church of the Amuniciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic)

Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757, Sunday English mass (summer time 6 p.m., winter time 5 p.m.).
Terrasents Church (Roman Catholic), Terrasents Church (Roman Catholic), Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Amunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541.
Angilean Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amunan, Tel. 625383, chaplain's residence tel. 601359.
Amunian Catholic Church Ashrufish

Armenian Catholic Church Ashralieb. Orthodox Church Ashrafieb. Tel. 775261. St. Ephralm Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieb, Tel. 771751. Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel. 677534

Evangelical Latheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman, Ara-bic Service: Sunday 7 p.m. Rev. N. Smir 811295) Rainbow Con

Rainbow Congregation (meets at the Good Shepherd's Church) Interdenominational-ecumenial English Service; Saurday 6:30 p.m. tel. 822605, Rev. Veli.
The Church of Jesus Christ of Latterbey Saluts (Mormon) Tel. 815-817, 821-264.

### FOR THE TRAVELLER

INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT** 

QUEEN ALIA

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS

### ROYAL JORDANIAN (RJ) FLIGHTS (Terminal 1) 10:15

19:20 .,	Lareaca (R
10:45	Dubai, Abu Dhabi (R
	Dhahran, Kuwait (R
11:00 .	Doha, Bahrain (R
11:15	Cuiro, Agaba (R
17-30 I	os Angeles Chicago, Vienna (R
10.00	os rateres curcago. Victims (v.
	London (R
18:10	Istanbul (R
18:1S	Cairo (R
18:15	Paris (R
18:30	New York, Amsterdam (R
18:45	Madrid, Geneva (R
19.55	Barrel C. Calera In
10:33 "	Brussels, Frankfurt (R
19:00	New York, Vienna (R
19:50	London (add ) (R
20:45	Rome (R
0Z:10	Baghdad (R

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

89:10	Berlin, Larnaca (BEL
	Kuwan (KI
t1:40	Damascus (A.
12:30	Baghdad IL
	Cairo (M
L3:30	Doha, Sharjah (G
13:45	Kuwait (Li
16:00	Jeddah i S
17:35	Athens (O/
18:00	Dubai (E)
19:25	Frankfurt (Li
20:15	Beirut (MI
8E:08	London, Cairo (BA

### DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN (RJ) FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

Vienna, New York (RJ) Tunis, Casablanca (RJ) 12:40 Istanbul (RJ) 20:40 Kuwait (RJ) Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) 22:18 Bangkok (RJ) 22:30 Singapore, Kuala Lumpur (RJ)

### OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

6:20	Damascus, Frankfurt (LH)
6:30	Cairo, London (BA)
	Damascus, Paris (AF)
0:40	Larnaca, Berlin (BER)
2:25	Knwaii (KU)
	Rome (AZ)
4:00	Baghdad (LA)
4-05	Caim (MS)
4:30	Bahrain, Doha, Sharjah (GF)
5-00	Tripoli (LN)
7-40	Jeddah (SV)
2.70	Athens (OA)
	Dubai (EK)
0:15	Sana'a (LH)

### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

The temperature is expected to be around normal with north-westerly freshening winds. In Aqaba, the winds will be northerly moderate and calm

<u>.                                      </u>	
	Min./max. temp.
	19 / 32
Agaba	23 / 39
Deserts	22 / 37
lordan Valley	26 / 38

#### USEFUL TELEPHONE **NUMBERS**

### **NIGHT DUTY**

WATATAL:	
Dr. Amin Abdul Jabir	614222
Dr. Mohammad Al Hourani	898552
Dr. Şalman Al Dabdoubi	776751
Dr. Adel Ammari	812148
Firas pharmacy	. 661912
Ferdows pharmacy	. 778336
Al Asema pharmacy	637055
Nairoukh pharmacy	623672
Al Salam pharmacy	636720
Yacouh pharmacy	644045
Shmeisani pharmacy	627660
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TAVIC.	

TAXIS:	
alal taxi	640031
enice taxi	644584
Sour taxi	623230
amer taxi	912501
abda taxi	017391
Zalidan sani	003003
łoliday taxi	663100
ayed taxi	604422
liddle East taxi	604615
RBID:	
r. Mohammad Al Shar'	(-1
U Sharaa' pharmacy	985738
ARQA:	
T Pehah Al Bouries	, ,

#### Chalifel pharmacy ... 98541 **EMERGENCIES**

Civil Defence Directorate Civil Defence Immediate Civil Defence Emergency 199 Rescue Police .... 192, 621111, 637777

### Jordan Television .... Water Authority Jordan Electricity Authority .:. 815615

Highway Police

Hutel Complaints

Amman Municipality

Telephone Information (directory assistance) Overseas Calls

Central Amman Telephon

Traffic Police ..... Public Security Directorate ....

### HOSPITALS

TATALYIN:	
ussein Medical Centre	813813/32
halidi Maternity, J. Amn	644781#
Wileh Masoning 7	- CANALATE
kilch Maternity, J. Amn.	042441/
abai Amman Maternity	642362
lalhas, I. Amman	636140
alestine, Shmeisani	664171/4
hmeisani Hospital	640131
Iniversity Hospital	045045
1 Manual Prospersion	043043
Il-Muasher Hospital	00/22/0
he Islamic, Abdali	. 666127/3/
Il-Ahli, Abdali	664164/6
lalian, Al-Muhaireen	<i>777</i> 7101/3
I-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh	775111/26
rmy, Marka	901611/15
busin Alle VI-	. 03101101
Jucen Alia Hospital	. GUZZAUSU
ms Hospital	674133
ARQA:	
arqa Govt. Hospital	(09)983323
arqa National Hospital	2001001071
on Sina Hospital	(00)086737
RBID:	(02)200126
rincess Basma Hospital	(02)2/3533
reek Catholic Hospital	(02)272275
on Al Nafees Hospital	2021247100
OADA.	/

### Princess Haya Hospital .... (03)314111 GENERAL

Ministry of Information	. 641467
Ministry of the Interior	. 663111
Ministry of Tourism	. 642311
Driving Licences Dent.	. 892283
Foreigners and Frontiers Dept.	622106
Meteorological Dept.	892406
Public Security Headquarters .	. 630321
Telecommunications	
Companion	∠2020i

### King congratulates Pakistan

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein sent a cable to Pakistani President Zia Ul Haq expressing good wishes to him on his country's Independence Day.

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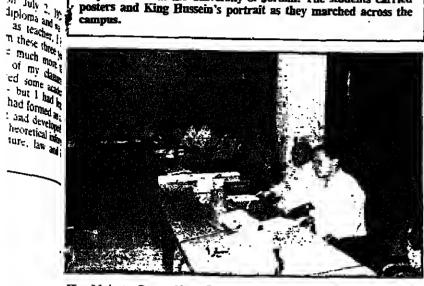
The King wished President Zia continued health and happiness and the Pakistani people progress and prosperity.

The King, meanwhile, received a cable of good wishes on the anniversary of his accession to the throne from French President Francois Mitterrand.

The president wished the King continued health and happiness, praising the existing ties of friendship between the Jordanian and the French people.

King Hussein received a similar cable from French Prime Minister Michel Rocard.

On the occasion of the King's accession to the throne, a huge rally was held at the University of Jordan. The students carried posters and King Hussein's portrait as they marched across the



Her Majesty Queen Noor Saturday chairs a meeting at the Aqaba Region Authority during which the region's development plans and environment were discussed (Petra photo)

### Queen voices concern over Aqaba environment

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Majesty Queen Noor bas expressed concern about environment problems in the dain of Aller powder nating from phosphate powder and its effect on public bealth and maritime life - knowing that the Red Sea coast abounds with rare maritime which Jordan, the international organisations, and the Royal Society for the Protection of the Environment have been trying to protect from the danger

of pollution. The Queen was on a visit Saturday to the phosphate loading station in Aqaba where the Phosphate Company director general briefed her on the company's projects and future plans to address the problem of phos-phate powder. Her Majesty was accompanied by Minister of Tourism Zuhair Ajlouni, the president of Aqaha Region Anthority, and the president of the Royal Society for the Protection

of the Environment. Queen Noor also chaired a

thority made a detailed presentation on the authority's future plans that include the building of public parks opposite the hotels area and the development of Agaba's Al Hafayer and Al Shalalah districts. Plans for investment in the camp of Al Morjan shore by the Social Security Corporation, the Aqaba Region Authority and the Ministry of Tourism to provide public entertainment facilities were reviewed during the meeting.

During the meeting tourism development, accommodation for visitors, the development of the soutbern region, the creation of a new touristic region according to the Aqaba Region Authority's plans in addition to protecting maritime life there were also discussed. The meeting was attended by Minister of Tourism Zuhair Ajlouni, the president of the Agaha Region Authority, the Social Security Corporation director, the Ministry of Tourism meeting of the Aqaba Region secretary general, Aqaba Gov-Authority during which the presi-ernor, and the Aqaba Region

ENVOY TO SYRIA NAMED: The cabinet Saturday named Nayef Al Hadid as ambassador to Syria. During a regular session, chaired by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, the cabinet also approved an Arah cooperation agreement on the field of aid

**NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS** 

ART EXHIBITION: An exhibition by expatriate Jordanian artist Edward Horan opened at the Royal Cultural Centre in Amman Saturday under the patronage of Her Royal Highness Princess Basma. Horan's exhibition here, will last until Aug. 18.

PUBLIC RALLY FOR IRAQ: The National Jordanian Popular Committee for Supporting the Iraqi People will bold a public rally Wednesday on the occasion of Iraqi Armed Forces victories in the battlefield. Several notable speakers will address the rally which will be held at the Hussein Youth City.

YOUTH CAMP OPENS: A youth camp opened Saturday at the Ajloun permanent camping site. Participants in the week-long camp will hear lectures on the Great Arab Revolt and will take part in seminars and cultural activities. They will also tour a number of tourist and archaeological sites.

### Hammouri to visit Egypt

Mohammad Hammouri received here. an invitation from his Egyptian counterpart to visit Egypt and discuss cooperation between Egypt and Jordan in cultural fields.

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of rious Egyptian cultural centres. Culture and National Heritage according to an announcement

The announcement also said the Ministry of Culture received an invitation to take part in an Arab book exhibition to be held fields.

The visit is expected to take place early next month during which the minister will tour va-

### ☑ Jordan gets 1,582 tonnes of West Bank produce

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The nes of peaches, 91 tonnes of carrots, 37 tonnes of cactus fruit, ables that crossed into the East Bank from the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip last month were estimated at 1.582 tonnes, according to a Ministry of

Agriculture's statistical bulletin.

included 285 tonnes of onions,

237 tonnes of bananas, 809 ton-

The bulletin said the shipments

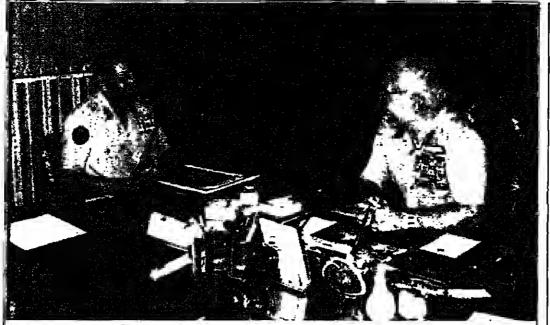
22 tonnes of grapes, 84 tonnes of boiled cheese and 17 tonnes of

Normally these products are marketed in the East Bank. However, some of them find their way to neighbouring Arab coun-

### WHAT'S GOING ON

### **EXHIBITIONS**

- Photo exhibition at the University of Jordan. Architectural exhibition at the Jordan National Gallery of Fine
- \* Art exhibition: "Silent Nature" at the University of Jordan. Paintings exhibition by Edward Horan at the Royal Cultural



AL HUSSEIN VISITS GHQ: His Majesty Jordanian Armed Forces, Saturday visited the

Zaid Ibn Shaker, Army Chief of Staff Fathi Abu Talch and their aides as well as the commander of the Royal Jordanian Air Force. The King held : army headquarters and was met by the Armed brief meeting with Sharif Zaid and later heard a Forces Commander in Chief Field Marshal Sharif briefing on the Armed Forces (Petra photo)

### Jordan to take part in Arab health ministers talks in Sudan

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — Jordan bas been invited to an emergency meeting by the executive bureau of the Arab Health Ministers Council to be held in Tunis Wednesday, to discuss means of assisting Sudan to deal with the consequences of floods which have displaced at least 1.5 million people and oestroyed 83,000

The invitation came to Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh from Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klihi in a cable that said the health ministers of Jordan, Tunisia, Syria, Iraq, Kuwait and Morocco will attend the extraordinary meeting, which will look into measures to provide assistance to Sudan to help it deal with the consequences of the disaster. On Friday, the National Com-

held an emergency meeting to examine the situation in the Arab African country, and decided to dispatch urgent assistance in the form of medical and rescue teams, to carry out relief operanons in cooperation with the Sudanese authorities. The committee, acting upon directives from His Royal High-

ness Crown Prince Hassan, also decided to send a new consignment of medicines, food, construction supplies, as well as water sterilisers and power generators to be used in Sudanese hospitals and medical centres. The committee issued an

appeal to the public to offer contributions to people in Sudan. Last Sunday, Jordan sent off another mission to Sudan to help

mittee for Solidarity with Sudan implement projects within the framework of a Jordanian-Sudanese cooperation programme for the development of drought and famine stricken re-Tordan started sending medical

> and relief missions, including food supplies, 10 Sudan following the 1986 drought and famine that hit the Arab country.
> Prince Hassan visited Sudan to

> take a close look at the situation before the missions embarked on relief operations.

The Tunis meeting Wednesday is the first of its kind to discuss assistance to Sudan since December 1987 when it decided to allocate \$300,000 in assistance and relief supplies for Sudan and

### **West German team to discuss** agricultural schemes in Jordan

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) - A delegation from West Germany is due here on Aug. 21 to discuss with Jordanian officials agricultural schemes being implemented with help from the West German Development Agency.

The Agency is supplying financial and technical assistance to these projects under a 1989-1990

To prepare for the talks with

ture Ministry's Secretary General Salem Al Lawzi chaired a meeting Saturday at his office, reviewing agricultural projects that could benefit from German assistance herween 1988 and Last October, Jordan and West

Germany exchanged notes on technical cooperation, including a West German offer to set up a

the West German team, Agricul- laboratory for controlling the quality of plant protection agents with a view to preserving public

The notes encouraged Germany to assign a group of experts, supply material and equipment for the implementation of the project. The overall cost of the project was estimated at two million German marks.

# VTC plans to expand training programmes

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The Ministry of Labour's Vocational Training Corporation (VTC) plans to expand its programmes and training services for young men and women, enlisting the help of the private sector to attain the best results, VTC Director General Burhan Shreideh announced Saturday.

zontally and vertically, providing training in a wide variety of specialisations for 30,000 apprentices in the 1986-1990 five year plan. Shreideh said at the opening of five courses at Ain Al Basha Vocational Training Centre, near Swelleb for VTC instructors. The instructors teach trainees skills in carpentry, decor, and

machine maintenance, according to a VTC official. Shreideh, in an address to the participants in the week-long

course, said the national economy and development "can only be promoted through the proper recruitment of instructors who can skillfully teach the trainees."

graduated from VTC centres since the establishment of the Shreideh noted.

The VTC plans to expand bori- corporation 11 years ago. Last year's trainees numbered

11,000, Shreideh noted. Out of the 30,000 to receive training within the five-year plan, said, will be students who com-10,000 will take short term pleted their third preparatory courses because of employment in private and public organisa- Ministry of Education's admistions and companies, according sion examinations to secondary to Shreideh.

He said the VTC cooperates with 22 businesses that offer pracand send employees to VTC centres for higher training.

five year plan, four additional vocational training centres will be thing industries. established in the Kingdom in the coming two years and five smaller A total of 8,802 trainees have ones will be opened adjacent to between two and five months, major industrial organisations,

These trainees are needed, he said, to meet the growing demand for skilled manpower in the Arab

and Jordanian labour markets. On Aug. 6, the VTC opened a two-week seminar for VTC instructors. Shreideh then announced that the door was open for training courses at VTC centres. He added that this year no less than 3,400 trainees would be accepted at different centres.

Most of those to be recruited for the new courses, Shreideh school but failed to pass the school last June

Earlier this month, the VTC announced it had embarked on nical training to the apprentices short-term training programmes for all able-bodied Jordanians seeking employment in the con-In implementing the VTC's struction business, hotel management, sales and ready made clo-

The programmes, which are free of charge, were said to last offering participants sufficient skills for employment.



Vocational Training Corporation (VTC) Director General Burban Shreideh Saturday addresses a

new VTC course at Al Basha Training Centre, near

### ABU DHABI · AL-FUJAIRAH · AMMAN · ATHENS · BAHRAIN · BANGKOK · BOMBAY · CAIRO · COLOMBO · DAMANCUS · 7 killed, 9 injured in

JORDAN VALLEY (J.T.) — Two women were killed and nine tampered with the brakes of the others were injured in a road accident which occurred at Kraimeh in the Jordan Valley

A report in the local press said some of the injured will have to remain at hospital for at least

10 days for treatment.

In another incident, two children were killed when they were run over by a dairy truck in Irbid.

parked car causing the vehicle to overturn and fall over a steep

Two more people were killed in another accident in which two vehicles collided on the Zarqa

According to Al Ra'i Arabic daily, a 19-year-old man was killed by three stray hullets fired during a wedding at Muwaqqar.

### Jordan to build new -**Central Post Office**

different incidents

ment (POPSD) is making preparations to set up a new automated Central Post Office, a project expected to cost JD 1 million, the Department Director Gbazi Rifai announced in a newspaper inter-

view published Saturday.

The new central office will be close to the Radio and Television station in the area of Umm Al Hiran in Amman and will be built on 25,000 square metres, according to Rifai in a statement in Al Dustour Arabic daily.

Rifai told the newspaper that feasibility studies have been conducted and the Ministry of Public Works is now reviewing bids for the project which is intended to promote postal services in the Kingdom.

The population in Jordan, now currently served by 1,000 post offices, at the rate of one office for every three thousand, "but the new project is expected to provide even better facilities and promote postal work in general."
Rifai added.

Postal services in Jordan date back to 1921 and POPSD (formerly known as Department of Communications) is considered the oldest in the country as it was established in 1939, Rifai

He said since its establishment the postal service in Jordan has been continually developed; and apart from delivering mail, post offices around the country are now involved in processing university students' applications, applications by job seekers addressed to the Civil Service Commission,

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Post and applications for renewing Office and Postal Savings Depart-vehicle licences.

in addition, the post offices now operate a savings system which is useful for depositors for educating their children "because the system allows members of the public to draw loans for education, provided they are saving with POPSD," Rifai said.

He said that more than 250,000

citizens now bave deposits with the POPSD offices, and their number is on the increase at an estimated rate of 1,500 a month. The accumulated funds, Rifai added, are continually invested in income-generating projects. "Shortly, they will be used to give loans to government officials in accordance with a system which is

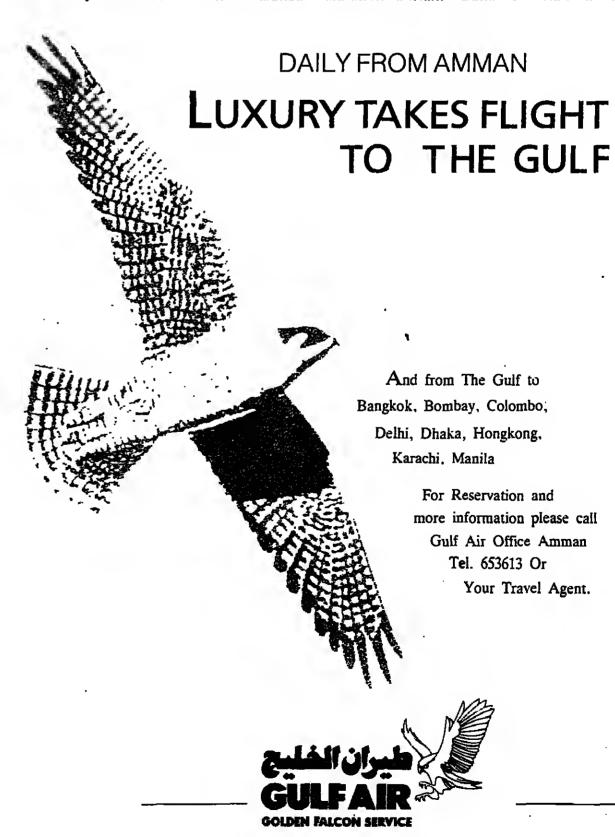
still to be drawn up by POPSD." Rifai said that delays in delivering mail are diminishing in numestimated at three million are ber and "it is hoped that better measures will be introduced to speed up delivery.

He also announced that a total of 32 countries are now linked with Jordan through the fast mail delivery service which was introduced in the country two years

### CORRECTION

The Jordan Times erroneously

published a report Saturday on the first stage of a residential project for Yarmouk University. The report should have read Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST) instead of Yarmouk. The Jordan Times apologises for the



A TRULY CIVILISED WAY TO FLY.

SHARJAH - SANAA - SALALAH - RIYADH - RAS AL KHAIMAH - PARIS - NAJROBI - MUSCAT - MANILA - LONDON - LARNACA

By Dr. Fahed Fanek

### **Jordan Times**

بوردن تايمز بومية عربية سيلسية مستكلة شمحر بالاسطيرية عن الخرسية الصحفية الاربعية

Chairman of the Board of Directors: MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Responsible Editor and Director General:

MOHAMMAD AMAD Editor-in-Chief: RAMI G. KHOURI

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation.

University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171-6, 670141-4, 666265-2

Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO

elect a new president for a six-year term to succeed Amin Gemayel. Saturday's announcement by Parliament Speaker Hussein Husseini that the house would meet Thursday for the elections signals that there is basic agreement among the various factions over the dire need to go ahead with the constitutional process. While it might be jumping the gun to deduce that this agreement encompasses the requirements of peace in the country and the role the president has to play in realising them, we take the behind-the-scene consultations that produced Saturday's announcement as a

The Lebanese deputies, who will gather Thursday for the election process, will do so under the anxious eyes of the Arab World and the international community, as the next president would be the focal point in making or breaking hopes for a stable and secure Lebanon. To be sure, the Lebanese at large, who have no direct say in deciding who their president should be, are hoping that the deputies name the best man for the jnb of putting an end to 13 years of bloodshed and misery. However, it is a very delicate and complex task that lies ahead for whoever emerges as president after Thursday's elections. It is no bed of roses that awaits him at the presidential palace. Ever-present suspicions and deep hostilities have become permanent features of the Lebanese political scene, and the president faces the prospect of having to walk a very thin line among them if he hopes to achieve national reconciliation - the only answer to restoring security and stability in the country and to rebuilding its unity and territorial integrity. We can only hope the token respect for the constitutinn among the various factions, as evident in their present jockeying for their candidates for the presidency, also extends to accepting that enough is enough, and that it is time that dialogue replaces the thunder of guns to bring about changes, justice and peace.

### ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS



### Al Ra'i: Avoiding outbidding

IN all its actions and through all the measures it has issued so far, Jordan has wished to avoid situations where it would seem it is outhidding others in serving national causes. Jordan has always sought to achieve agreement and consensus among Arah countries and never acted to sow seeds of dissension among them. For this reason, Jordan hopes that its current negotiations with the PLO would not be distorted by other Arab countries since both sides require a positive and healthy climate in order to work out a formula for helping the Arab brothers under Israeli rule. The Palestine issue is now going through a critical stage, requiring support for the Jordanian-PLO moves on the part of the Arab Nation. Jordan should be supported by all Arabs in its decision to offer the PLO full responsibilines in dealing with the Palestine question and in its drive to place Israel face to face with the realities in the occupied territories. Regardless of Jordan's severing of legal and administrative ties with the West Bank, Amman has pledged to maintain all possible help to the Palestinian people, and therefore meaningful backing should be given to Jordan's endeavours in cooperation with the PLO.

### Al Dustour: Solidarity with Sudan

IN yet another manifestation of its solidarity with all Arah countries, Jordan has decided to dispatch urgently needed food and medical supplies to the Sudanese people who are now facing the horrible consequences of floods. The decision expresses a national stand and reflects the Jordanian leadership's readiness to offer speedy help to Arab citizens in distress, especially the Sudanese people who have been subjected to one ordeal after another. The new consignments of food and medical supplies complement those which Jordan had been sending to Sudan to help that country's people overcome the consequences of drought and famine that his the country over the past two years. indeed hope that Jordan's humanitarian example will be copied by other Arab countries, and we also hope that the Jordanian people will respond favourably to a call by the national committee for solidarity with Sudan to extend financial and in-kind help to their brothers to alleviate their sufferings. Any assistance offered to the Sudanese people can only reflect true affection and compassion among the Arab people, and any humanitarian assistance will he a noble act among brothers.

### Sawt Al Shaab: Direct negotiations

ARAB people who truly wish to serve the higher Arah interests and are committed to the cause of peace have expressed total support for Jordan's decision to sever legal and administrative links with the West Bank. They realise that such a move can only promote the role of the PLO as the sole, legitimate representative of the Palestinian people; and help Jordan to become even more active in regional, international and national arenas. Arab leaders are supporting the Jordanian decision since they supported this move at the recent Algiers Arab summit, and the PLO has welcomed the move, saying it will help them to play a leading role in serving the Palestinian people on all fronts. Most importantly, the Jordanian decision is bound to place the Israeli leaders in a difficult position, forcing them to deal with the Palestinians directly following years of denial of the Palestinian people's rights and their adamant position with regard to the Middle East international peace conference. By responding favourably to the PLO and Arab states, Jordan has acted with wisdom. By pledging continued support to the Palestinians it showed its total commitment to the Arab causes.

### Sunday's Economic Pulse

# West Bank separation won't affect economy

ECONOMIC analysts may speculate that the recent measures to sever legal and administrative ties with the West Bank will have some adverse consequences on the Jordanian economy, especially as far as the volume of expatriate remittances, the prices at the Amman stockexchange and Jordan dinar position are concerned.

We argue that these fears are unfounded. The decision did not create new economic realities, it only formally recognised what was already established on the ground.

Expatriate remittances are of course sensitive to many factors. They declined by 15 per cent in 1987 without any measures taken, and rose in the first half of 1988 for no political reasons.

Remittances can be classified into two parts. The first part heads for the West Bank as a final destination. This part can be estimated at 30 per cent of the total remittances and will continue because there is no better way to channel the funds. If that trend did not continue, it will not influence the Jordanian economy, or the real balance of payments, as distinct from the official statistical balance of payment, which does not recognise remittance while moving on to the West

The second part of the remittances, up to 70 per cent of the total, heads for the East Bank as a final destination, and will not be

purpose into two categories: First, remittances for consumption representing funds sent to families and relatives for their living expenses. This part is estimated to be above 80 per cent, and is not

likely to change because its volume is determined by the level of income of the expatriate concerned, and the needs of the family staying behind. Second, remittances made for investment and saving purposes, amounting to 20 per cent. This part is admittedly very sensitive, not to political factors though, but to economic and financial considerations, such as return on investment, rate of interest, and perceived degree of risk. Those economic factors were obviously not influenced by the recent measures, and should not

The expatriates' remittances may nevertheless fluctuare up or down. If this happened it should be explained by many factors not including the subject measures.

The analysts also look at Amman stockexchange as a possible crisis area. The West Bankers, they suspect, may dump their portfolios of Jordanian companies' shares.

Once more the prices in any stockexchange are sensitive to fundamental and psychological factors. There is no doubt that the measures do not amount to an economic factor. The economics of the companies and their profitability will not be influenced by the

Any change in prices, therefore, must be psychological and accordingly temporary. The prices did drop by some three per cent in the first week until last Monday. Later on they bounced back when dealers realised that they have over-reacted. By the way, all Arabs, much more the Palestinians, are allowed and encouraged to own any amount of Jordanian shares without limitation. Dividends are tax

exempt in Jordan.

Those who may push the prices of shares down in order to unload their portfolios will be punishing themselves. The third area cited by observers is the Jordanian dinar. No one

knows for sure the amount of dinars held by the West Bankers in cash. We estimate that they hold around JD 140 million. West Bankers also invest their savings in the Jordanian banking system. We estimate their deposits at JD 360 million. Thus the overall amount of dinars owned by West Bankers could add up to JD 500 million, or 20 per cent of the money supply widely defined.

What would happen to these amounts? I venture to answer: Nothing, until an independent Palestinian state is established. Even then the dinar may continue as legal tender in such a state for at least two more years. The Palestinian pound continued in circulation in Jordan until 1950.

The political measures as such has no direct bearing on the dinar, Dinar holders in both banks have full confidence in the Jordanian banking system and the Central Bank of Jordan. They know for sure that their rights are 100 per cent safe and protected.

West Bankers' deposits are divided among all commercial banks and financial corporations. However, the major part is held with Arab Bank, a very strong and trustworthy bank at domestic and international levels.

To sum up, the economic impact of the recent measures are minimal, and the Jordanian economy should not be adversely

## The imperatives pushing North Africa towards unity

By Francis Ghiles

THE reopening, in June, of the frontier between Algeria and Morocco, North Africa's two most powerful countries, has evoked a strong and favourable popular response. The officially controlled media in the two countries praised the vision and sense of history of their respective lead-

ers. This was hardly a surprise. For the mass of Algerians and Moroccans, however, the promise of greater freedom of travel. trade and economic cooperation holds great appeal. The 12-year break between the two countries. caused by their dispute over the status of the former Spanish colony of the Western Sahara, was viewed by many of the more thoughtful North Africans, and not just in the two countries concerned, as a tragedy.

"The 12-year break between Algeria and Morocca was viewed as a tragedy"

The dispute over the Western Sahara has yet to be resolved but the break in diplomatic relations it hrought in Fehruary 1976 was, in many respects, the logical result of the competition for regional influence hetween Morocco, the Muslim world's oldest monarchy, and Algeria, a state born of a cruel war of liberation against France. That conflict cost one million dead and witnessed the exodus of an equal number of European settlers.

King Hassan of Morocco is Amir al-Mu'minin (commander of the Faithful) and Khalifat Allah Fil-Ard (Allah's deputy on earth). The legitimacy of the Alaoui dynasty which has ruled Islam's most western lands for over three centuries rests oo the dual foundation of historical tradition and the religion of the Prophet Mohammad. The monarch has, especially during the early years of his reign, successfully defeated agitation by the major opposition parties and students and survived riots and

attempted military coups. Despite extremes of wealth and poverty, regional disparities and a bloated public sector, Morocco has made a far greater success of its agriculture than virtually any other African or Middle East country. It is actively developing its fishing, textile and tourist industries. More recently, its minister of finance, Mr. Mohammad Barrada, has showed real courage in confronting vested interests and trying to implement bold economic reform. This policy enjoys the support of the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund, both of which have lent considerable amounts of money to the kingdom. The United States has long looked on King Hassan as its paramount friend in North West Africa. The Israeli leaders - indeed he received Shimon Peres, then the Israeli prime minister, in Ifrane two years ago. He sent troops to Zaire to help President Mobutu ten years ago. He has provided help for Jonas Savimbi, the leader of Unita. Such policies have long been

anathema to Algeria's foreign policy establishment. Algerian leaders, especially throughout the Ben Bella and Boumedienne years — the country's first two tion led hy such groups, and the presidents up to 1979 - wanted threat of rebellion among eleto fight injustice wherever they could in the world. Hence they gave enthusiastic support to the Palestine Liheration Organisa- al-Abidin Ben Ali, that the tion, the African National Congress and many other liberation movements. They allowed the USSR to refuel their Antonov transport planes when airlifting arms and munitions into Luanda ten years ago. Algeria espoused the more radical OPEC policies and Algeria. His very presence

French companies to recover its the sick man of the Maghreb, a oil and as gas assets. No liberation movement worth its salt would have missed having offices in Algiers in the 1970s.

Algeria's foreign policy is less stridently expressed these days, a change which reflects both the manner of the man who has held the reins since 1979, Chadli Benjedid, and a maturing process which has turned the go-getting revolutionaries of yesteryear into people more aware of how difficult it is to change things, be it at home or abroad. The high quality of many of its diplomats and the serious and steady manner in which it conducts its foreign policy continue to earn Algeria an influence in African and Middle East affairs and beyond, far in excess of the country's economic how difficult it will be to keep resources. Its success in securing the release of the U.S. diplomats held hostage in Tehran seven years ago ranks among the classics of international diplomacy. Two sets of factors are conspir-

ing to bring not just Algeria and Morocco hut Lihya, Mauritania and Tunisia closer together. The challenges of a fast rising population; even in Tunisia, where longstanding efforts to promote family planning and women's rights have produced encouraging results, and the need to create more jobs than at present are pressing. The weight of foreign deht, which precludes Morocco and Mauritania from raising fresh private funds and severely hampers the abilities of both Algeria and Tunisia to do so weighs heavily on economic development. The need, in all five countries, to reform the bloated parastatal companies and give greater freedom of action to the private sector requires the full attention

"Libya's maverick leader, Colonel Qadhafi, is rediscovering the virtues of private retailing"

As Libya's maverick leader. Colonel Qadhafi, rediscovers the virtues of private retailing after years of an economic policy which has left the shops in this oil rich country with nothing to sell except basic foodstuffs, Algeria is implementing a bold policy of selling off state land to private farmers and slowly freeing its export policies. At the same time, Tunisia is pushing though a package of reforms agreed with the IMF faster than any of its Maghreh peers: and Morocco is facing up to the simple truth that as long as its entrepreneurs pay neither personal nor company tax, the state will be in no position to raise the pool level of education, let alone hring that third of the country below the poverty line into the monetary economy. In all five countries the state holds so much power that it is no exaggeration to say that it is monarch has kept a line open to often crippled by its constituent parts. With Europe moving towards a unified market hy 1992 and all five North African countries conduct more than three quarters of their trade with the European Community — the alarm bells are ringing loud, at least in Algiers, Rabat and Tunis. Political factors are also at

play. The threat of Muslim fundamentalism may appear less serious in North Africa than in the Middle East. Yet it was the agitaments of the National Guard, which finally convinced the present Tunisian head of state, Zein ageing and sick Habib Bourguiba, had to be removed, last year. The new head of state probably played a more influential role than many observers helieve in hringing about a thaw in relations between Morocco and waged a bitter fight with meant that Tunisia was no longer | Western analysts.

country Colonel Qadhafi was able to play with as he in turn courted the Algerian or Moroccan leadership. If the improve-ment in relations between Algeria and Morocco is to be consolidated, a solution will have to be found to the Western Saharan conflict which will, of necessity,

involve a Moroccan compromise. Relations between Tunisia and its eastern neighbour have improved considerably of late hut the fact that Major Abd al-Salam Jallud, the Libyan number two, does not share his leader's enthusiasm for the new Tunisian president spells caution. President Ben Ali's previous job of running Tunisia's internal security does however suggest he knows well relations with Colonel Qadhafi on an even keel. As it is, Tunisia has earned \$100m from Libyan visitors so far in 1988, which is most welcome in a year of drought and locusts.

Wider political considerations are also at play, not least plomatic concession. But such a Gohachev's apparent desire to move can only make him more

The Algerian leadership has long since abandoned any desire to unseat King

improve relations with Israel and the uprising in the occupied territories. Such factors weigh heaily in Algiers, where foreign policy considerations are more "global" than elsewhere in North Africa. Algeria is also keen to play a role in mending bridges between Iran and Iraq. The ontcome of the U.S. election, on the other hand, would appear to have little bearing on current events in the re-Fewer tensions in the Maghreb

can only help Chadli Benjedid, who is expected to seek a third term as president next January. He knows that the move to reestabtish diplomatic relations with Morocco before any visible progress is made on the Western Saharan issue may appear as di-

popular at home, as does his policy of selling off state land and trying to unshackle the economy. It is less than 30 years since the Algerian fight for independence spilled over into Morocco and

even more into Tunisia. Both countries lent considerable support to the Front de Liberation National (FLN) which still holds power in Algeria today. Unlike his predecessor, Benjedid fully -acknowledges such help. History has woven many threads between the Maghreb states. They have names, trade, family ties, political disputes and alliances, music, food and architecture in common. They also shared, for many years, the same colonising power France. But, whereas Algeria's identity came close to being destroyed, Morocco and Tunisia managed to hang on to theirs, not least because the local rulers, bey in Tunis, sultan in Rabat, whilst deprived of real power, were not removed and killed. Thirty years of independence have allowed each country to build a new

The Algerian leadership has

"Libva's maverick leader. Colonel Oadhafi, is rediscovering the virtues of private retailing"

long since abandoned any desire to unseat the king while some. members of the Moroccan establishment are heginning to accept that the "upstarts" next . door are not simply a bunch of booligans. As for Tunisia, the smooth transfer of power last autumn, followed by bold moves to allow greater freedom of expression and reform the economy, suggest that North Africa's smallest state can command influence by the example it sets. It is too early to say whether the hopes aroused last spring will bear lasting fruit. If the five leaders listen to their people, there is only one road they can travel down, and it is one also dictated by economic necessity and a deeply shared sense of history -Middle East International,

### Sandinistas hope a Dukakis win will ease contra pressure

By Matthew Campbell

MANAGUA - Beset by grave economic and political problems, Nicaragua's ruling Sandinistas are nevertheless finding cause for cheer in the U.S. presidential campaign. They are voicing satisfaction on

two counts - that the Reagan era is coming to an end and that a Democrat might win control of the White House in the November polls. President Reagan has made

support for contra rehels a cornerstone of his foreign policy. The rebels have been fighting to topple the leftist Sandinista government since 1981, with U.S. military aid.

In the Sandinistas' eyes, a victory hy Democrat Michael Dukakis, an outspoken critic of the contras, would be a boon.

"He knows our Latin Amer-Despite the backing from

ican reality. He speaks Spanish and he has lived in Latin Amer-Nicaraguan President Daniel Ortega said of Dukakis in a recent speech.

Washington, the contras have achieved few battlefield successes, and the Sandinistas now seem to be relishing their own survival as Reagan prepares to leave office.

"Reagan is going, hut the Sandinista revolution will remain, Ortega said in a July speech commemorating the revolution's ninth anniversary, suggesting the U.S. election would be a watershed in Nicaraguan affairs.

Over the past few years, Nicaraguan leaders frequently warned that Reagan might intervene military to remove the Sandinistas from power, as the contras had failed to oust them.

'Final straight'

Now, official media routinely describe the last few months of the Reagan presidency as the 'final straight" for Nicaragua. reflecting a government perception that the worst of the storm will be over once Reagan leaves the White House next January.

Vice President George Bush, the certain Republican nominee, has generally supported Reagan's

Central American policy although it is not clear how much of a priority Nicaragua would be in a Bush administration.

Chief foreign ministry spokesman Alejandro Bendana said of Reagan's support for the contras: No new administration would be able to continue a policy that has failed so totally."

Another government official, former Nicaraguan envoy to Washington Carlos Tunnermann, described Reagan's policy as the result of an "ahnormal obsession" unlikely to be matched by any other president.

But just in case, the Sandinistas are pinning their hopes on Dukakis who. Ortega said, offered encouragement to the countries of Latin America who are demanding a new type of relations with the United States."

Official media are covering the campaign with gusto, giving the Massachussetts governor prominent coverage.

Sandinista television recently showed a clip from a U.S. Hispanic news programme in which Dukakis described the contras as ist regime."

of supporting them illegal. "The Reagan era is over," ran a headline in the official Barricada newspaper, quoting Dukakis ~

a "disaster" and called the policy

gitte and an over a

as saying that drugs were the real problem in Latin America, not the ruling Sandinistas.

Le Preusa fights back

While this may be masic to the ears of Nicaragua's revolutionary leaders, the conservative opposition is sounding a note of alarm.

Some right-wing foes of the Sandinistas accuse the last Democratic President Jimmy Carter of betraying Nicaragua by cutting off support to the late dictator Anastasio Somoza, hastening his downfall in the Sandinista-led uprising in 1979.

"It was Mr. Carter who left the government in the hands of the Sandinistas, ahandoning the democratic opposition," said an article in the opposition La Prensa newspaper, warning Dukakis might also be duped by what the writer called the "Marxist-Lenin-

## Midway through Soviet pullout, Afghan rebels less confident

By Malcolm Davidson Reuter

QUETTA, Pakistan - When the Soviet Union declared it was withdrawing its troops from Afghanistan, Mujahideen guerrillas confidently predicted a swift victory over the Kabul govern-

Today, that euphoria is gone. Three months after Soviet soldiers started leaving, most guerrilla fighters readily agree many. will die before the war is won. According to the analysts the guerrillas who lack an effective

command structure must fight a more conventional war even though this will expose them to Afghan and Soviet air attacks. "If they stand and fight they are going to get their butts kick-

ed," said a military analyst in

Islamabad who asked not to be identified. With half the Soviet Union's. more than 100,000-strong force due to be out by Monday, the political and military situation is changing, say rebel leaders and

port, Afghan government forces may provide much weaker opposition and retreat into their strongest garrisons, leaving the the attack. guerrillas the run of the countryside, rebel leaders say.

But Moscow has affirmed it intends to fulfill its pledge under the Geneva accords to withdraw by Feb. 15 next year the troops which first entered Afghan in

The guerrillas' most conspicious failure is that all the major Afghan cities remain in government hands. Guerrilla commanders in the

Pakistan city of Quetta say the Soviet withdrawal from Kandahar, Afghanistan's big southern city reinforced recently by Kahul, is a breakthrough. Its fall would be a tremendous

hoost to Mujahideen prestige and could give the political leadership a chance to move from Peshawar, in northwest Pakistan, to Afghanistan.

Guerrilla leaders met two weeks ago to plan a major assault

their strategy. Maulvi Abdul Waris, head of the fundamentalist Hezb-l-Islami, said at least 6,000 guerrillas were poised for

Any large concentration of Mujahideen exposes them to the danger of air attack as Hamed Gailani. head of the National Islamic Front in Quetta, acknow-

"Our primary difficulty in the war has been and always will be the air raids," he said. "As long as the Soviet air force can operate it will be difficult."

Hamed Gailani's father, Syed Ahmad Gailani, is current chairman of the Peshawar-based alliance of seven guerrilla groups which regard themselves as the rightful inheritors of power in

Afghanistan. The alliance is officially known as the Islamic Unity of Afghan Mujahideen but the title cloaks deep divisions.

These were exposed last month when United Nations mediator Diego Cordovez urged both sides in the conflict to step aside in on Kandahar and to coordinate favour of a neutral government of preted class interests."

impartial Afghans.

His plan included a ceasefire and cooling-off period during which the neutral government would convene an assembly of prominent Afghans to develop an administration acceptable to all

The plan was officially condemned by the alliance, which refused to see Cordovez, but several moderatre leaders, including Gailani, have accepted parts of the plan.

The minimum demand of the guerrillas is the toppling of Presi dent Najibullah from power # Kahul.

There are few indications that he is currently under serious threat but Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze made: point during his visit to Kabul weekend to get a wide sampling

of Afghan opinion. In an interview with the official Bakhtar news agency in Kabul, he stressed the need for putting "the cause of the country's salvation above dogmatically inter-

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department. affected by the measures in any way. From a different point of view, the remittances can be classified by Dialogue should replace guns THE FUTURE of Lebanon may be more clear by the end of this week, when the surviving members of the country's parliament

AMMAN - The Iranian dissi-

deen's National Liberation Army

(NLA) the prisoners were re-

leased Thursday under the orders

of Mujahedeen Jeader Massoud

Rajavi, president of the National

The statement said the released

Council of Resistance and com-

Iranians had heen taken prisoner

in operations conducted by the

The NLA general command also reported that 250 of the

released prisoners requested to

prisoners released in the past nine

months. About 370 were released

by the NLA in November 1987

The NLA also denied Saturday

that the commanders of 15 of its

divisions and brigades were killed

in fighting inside Iran last month.

that only three brigade comman-

ders were killed and no division

The statement said Iranian Re-

"attempted a false show of

which took them 150 kilometres

of the end of the 14-year-division

the beginning of the end... other-

wise there would have been no

Vassiliou told Reuters in an inter-

Vassiliou will meet Turkisb-

Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash in

framework to resume negotia-

the northern third of the island

after a sbort-lived coup en-

gincered by the military junta in

when talks in New York between

Greek and Turkish Cypriot

Geneva Aug. 24 for landmark

point in entering negotiations.

"I look at the negotiations as

of the island.

Athens.

Another statement telexed to

and March 1988.

This was the third group of

mander-in-chief of the NLA.

# Iran rebels free 10m 1,300 prisoners

gown in order dent movement, Mujahedeen-eKhaiq, bas announced the release
of 1,300 Iranians taken prisoner
derian banking two months against Iranian border towns.

A statement telexed to the
ly widely bay Jordan Times Friday said the
general command of the Mujahedeen's National Liberation Army stature to a stablish such a state in. inseed in analy or pearing on the dence in the king. on They know

protected. all commence. or pan to be not be as join the NLA.

a's mavenet wering the the Jordan Times late Friday said ate retailing ine statement said corps com-

the king of mander Mohsen Rezaei Friday are began strength by claiming that the the "ups. commanders of 15 NLA divisions not simple; and birgades were among those As for late killed. Transfer of per "This is a totally raise classic followed by the Commander of no NLA divi-Vassiliou sees beginning Later Later Copyright

the their people of 15 25 this 27. NICOSIA (R) — Cyprus President George Vassiliou said Saturday he saw forthcoming talks with has least Turkish Cypriots as the beginning

talks brokered by U.N. Secretary ... ... General Javier Perez de Cuellar. :: : The talks aim to set a date and nions on reunifying Cyprus, split since 1974 when Turkey seized ensu fight b

leaders have not met since 1985 . (-wia) 25 1.31.724.204 ماتت زايد . .

and their future.

Khalaf welcomes move

Khalaf as welcoming the Jordanian seements nian step as a "courageous deci-

. Khalaf said the Arab World must back any plans by the PLO to form a government-in-exile or the idea would be scrapped. The Sed at a meeting of the Palestine proposal is expected to be discus-National Council (PNC) which

Algeria bas agreed to host.

By a Jordan Times Staff writer inside Iran. These commanders are all present in their command dent movement, Mujahedeen-e-

It said the NLA had announced the names of the three dead commanders over the Mujahedeen's radio during the operation.

The NLA said July 29 its forces bad withdrawn after occupying towns deep inside Iran for three days. Iran said it had lured the rebels in, trapped them and killed more than 4,800 in 48 bours of

Iran's acceptance of a ceasefire in its war with Iraq bas cast doubts on continued Iraqi support for the Mujabedeen-e-Khalq, who seek to topple the regime of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini in Tehran. But the Mujahedeen have vowed that they would continue their anti-Khomeini struggle regardless of the course of the Iran-Iraq war.

In a statement telexed to the Jordan Times Thursday, Rajavi described Iran's acceptance of the ceasefire as a sign of "the failure of all (of) Khomeini's warmongering policies and the destruction of a major portion of his apparatus of war and repression." Rajavi congratulated the people of Iran "and all opponents of Khomeini's belligerence."

"According to repeated asser-

tions of Khomeini himself, peace marks the beginning of the inevitable burial of the Khomeini regime," the statement said. "The National Council of Resistance and the National Liberation Army of Iran bave been the most important elements of struggle against the Khomeini regime's warlike policies in Iran and abroad and the most effective factor destroying Khomeini's apparatus of war and repression in the past seven years, forcing him to suhmit to ceasefire and

of end to Cyprus conflict

Denktash and Vassiliou's prede-

cessor Spyros Kyprianou col-

Vassiliou, a self-made mil-

Greek-Cypriot side, will meet

Professing cautious optimism

over the talks, Vassiliou said:

"I'm expecting these will be diffi-

cult, cumhersome sometimes,

and arduous negotiations, hut I'm

going there with the conviction

and the determination to make

everything possible for the nego-

mate was conducive to negotia-

tions and the solution of regional

Vassiliou said a new world cli-

always very important to estab- solution first.

Denktash for the first time.

personal relationship."

tiations to succeed."

groundswell for change on the than the Geneva meeting.

"I am interested to see what tails. But the approach by Perez kiod of climate will be created," de Cuellar in the Geneva meeting

he said. "It is obvious that it is was to establish an overview of a

lionaire and political novice



National Liberation Army (NLA) fighters in the Iranian town of Mehran during an NLA offensive in June. The NLA evacuated the town a few days later,

The religious dictatorship ruling Iran has no tolerance for peace, stability, tranquility, and economic and social progress. Lasting peace can only be realised by the overthrow of this regime and the establishment of freedom and national sovereigntv. (The Mujahedeen) will continue their resistance and libera- freedom,

He cited as a positive element

Vassiliou said it was significant

the recent efforts of Greece and

that the negotiating process itself

During past negotiations, he

'We will try to arrive at a

common understanding of an

overall solution... and only then

will we go into further details,"

sire by Turkish Cypriots for prog-

ress was matched by a similar

Turkish Cypriots have been

"This campaign is only one

conducting a campaign in north

Cyprus to collect signatures in

expression of the ardent desire of

favour of a federal solution.

desire by Greek Cypriots.

Vassiliou said the ohvious de-

Vassiliou added.

said, discussions centred on de-

Turkey to improve relations.

#### tion struggle under any circumstances to overthrow Khomeini and bring about the great day of freedom for the people of Iran. The trend of developments in the past seven years especially bas well proven the validity of the viewpoints of the Iranian people's iust resistance for peace and

# Lebanese presidential elections set for Aug. 18

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Lebanon's Parliament Speaker Hussein Husseini announced Saturday that the house would meet Ang. 18 to elect a new president for a six-year term.

constitution... the parliament calls for electing a new president

and will meet at 11 in the morning on Thursday, Aug. 18 for this nurpose." said the statement read hy Husseini to journalists at the parliament house.

Husseini made his announcement in a statement issued after an emergency meeting with parliament members, who according to Lebanon's 1943 constitution should meet before Sept. 23 to elect a successor to President Amin Gemayel.

Husseini said the election session would be held at the parliament bouse located at the museum crossing along the green

line battlefront dividing Beirut. The constitution does not specify a date for the election of a president, who is chosen by the one-chamber bouse during a twomonth period beginning July 23 evety six years.

The 99-seat parliament was elected for a four-year term in 1972. The civil war, which broke out in 1975, has prevented parliamentary elections and the house has been extending its own

Twenty-two deputies bave died since 1972. Gemayel's seat became vacant in 1985 when be was elected president. That left parliament with only 76 members. Both Syria and the United it had mobilised its security and

"According to the Lehanese States bave made efforts in the past few months to ensure orderly presidential elections.

Three Maronite Christians are official candidates among scores of politicians, husinessmen and lawyers running for the office.

The presidency is reserved for a Maronite under Lebanon's constitution allocating top government posts to the various religious groups.

The deputies vote in a secret ballot for anyone, whether or not a declared candidate. The successful candidate needs

two thirds of the votes in the first ballot and an absolute majority in the second.

Although the new president will be elected next Thursday he will only take up his post Sept. 23 when Gemayel ends his term. The same parliament, elected

by the people in 1972, bas voted for three presidents since the civil war broke out in 1975. Many Lebanese hope the new

president will belp end the 13 years of civil strife that bas killed thousands of people and caused material damage estimated at billions of dollars. Weeks before the polls, the

country's politicians and potential candidates flocked to Damascus. The bardline rightist Lebanese Forces (LF) milina said Thursday

# Police, extremists

anonymity under operating rules, said more than 120 extremists also used chains and flaming ohjects in fighting police- forces. More than 70 extremists were

One police pickup truck was

suburb of A'in Shams. He said that a police force,

acting on a tip, had gone to the Adam mosque and was waiting outside to detain a number of extremist suspects who were meeting inside after evening

"The clash began after policemen moved to make arrests as the extremists were leaving the mos-

since, and the third was arrested.

stones and flaming objects and used chains against police who the police official said.

Three policemen were wounded, one seriously, and 16 civilians suffered "medium or minor injuries," he said. Some were taken to bospital but he did not say bow The Middle East News Agency

said the extremists belonged to the underground fundamentalist organisation Jihad, a local group which has no connection with Lebanon's Islamic Jihad. The agency said that the ex-

tremists were planning "provocations and acts of violence." including incitement of Muslimn strife and of anni-government leaflets.

It said the extremists initially barricaded themselves inside the mosque and some climbed a wall surrounding it and burled stones and "flaming projectiles" at police forces outside.

After leaving the mosque, some extremists burned tyres on

Egypt's Jihad was blamed by the government for Sadat's slaying at a military parade Oct. 6, 1981, and a subsequent twoday uprising in the southern city of Assiut in which more than 80 people, mostly policemen, were killed. The uprising, officials then said, was to have been a prelude to oversbrowing the government. In the Sadat assassination and

coup attempt trials, five people were sentenced to death and executed - three by firing squad and two by banging - and more than 120 were given prison terms up to life. Under Egypnan law, a life term is 25 years.

ble nomination of Syrian-backed former President Suleiman Franjieh for the presidency.

The militia strongly opposes Syria's military presence in But despite the announcement there was no evidence of a state

of alert or details of what the militia intends to do if Franiteh, a long-time ally of Syria, decides to run for election.

Franjieh has not officially announced whether he will stand but LF officials say he has told ceived Syria's blessing.

The presidential election Thursday will be the eighth since Lebanon's independence from French rule in 1943, and the 14th since the state of Lebanon was first created during the French mandate in 1926.

On Aug. 23, 1982, the current president's younger brother. Bashir Gemayel, was elected president. He was assassinated in a bomb explosion Sept. 14, nine days before he was due to assume

### Witness in RJ hijack case detained in U.S.

WASHINGTON (AP) - A Middle Eastern man has been jailed as a possible witness in the case of the 1985 hijacking of a Royal Jordanian (RJ) airliner, following U.S. concerns he may not testify fearing for his family's safety in Beirut, authorities say.

Mouin Abdul Ajam, whose age and nationality were not released, was arrested in California Thursday. He appeared before a U.S. judge who agreed to let authorities take him across the country to Washington, accord-

ing to court records in California. Jessica McGuire, an assistant U.S. public defender who represented Ajam in California, said an arrest warrent for Ajam reported that the U.S. Justice Dcpartment was concerned he might not cooperate in the prosecution of hijacking suspect Fawaz

Younis, a former member of Lebanon's Shi'ite Amal militia, is awaiting trial in Washington on hijacking charges.

Ajam is "extremely con-cerned" that if he cooperates with the prosecutors in the case, his family in Beirut will be killed in retaliation by groups sympathetic to Younis, McGuire said.

"He has every reason to fear retaliation against his family in Beirut," she said. Ajam complained that the U.S. government was "not taking enough precautions regarding his family." she

McGuire declined to give more information about her client, cit-

last month that two nirline crew members are in protective cus-

tody after agreeing to come to the U.S. and testify against Younis. U.S. prosecutors also reportedly have filed a motion to compel Ajam to give a sworn deposition about the case, according to sources who demanded anony-

Justice Department spokesman John Russell declined to com-

Younis was arrested last September after he was lured aboard a yacht in the Mediterranean. He is charged with leading the June 11, 1985, hijacking of a Royal Jordanian airliner in

Federal prosecutors have jurisdiction to prosecutive the case because the plane was carrying several Americans. No date has been set for Younis' trial in U.S. district court here.

The trial is being delayed while prosecutors appeal a U.S. judge's ruling that the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FB1) illegally obtained statements from Younis during a four-day interrogation following his arrest at sea.

The judge ruled the admissions could not be used as evidence against Younis because the defendant did not understand his constitutional protection against self-incrimination.

The Royal Jordanian airliner was hijacked by four armed men and forced to fly to several locations in the Mediterranean.

Following its return to Beirut Ajam is one of several Middle the next day, the jetliner was Easterners who prosecutors have hlown up after 74 passengers and said could give evidence against crew members were taken off the

### Hizbollah assails **U.N.** over Higgins

BEIRUT (AP) - An official of unanimously condemned politithe Iranian-backed Hizhollah (Party of God) Saturday anacked the U.N. Security Council for demanding the release of kidnapped U.S. marine Lieutenant-Colonel William Higgins.

"We denounce and condemn the U.N. Security Council which accepted to allow such an agent (Higgins) to confront our peosaid Abbas Mousawi, a

ranking Hizbollah official. "The arrest (of Higgins) was in defence of our nation's honour, dignity and existence," Mousawi added in an interview with the weekly Al Nahar Arab and International Magazine.

The Security Council July 29

cally motivated kidnappings in the Middle East and appealed for the immediate release of Higgins, who headed a 76-member U.N. observer group in South

Higgins, 43, was abducted near the southern port city of Tyre

Higgins' pro-Iranian kidnappers, the Underground Organisation of the Oppressed on Earth. said April 21 he would be put on trial on charges of spying for the United States.

The United States and the United Nations have denied the spying charge.

#### King explains W. Bank decision to PLO team (Continued from page 1)

the stable position of this country towards the Palestinian issue." . . . . . It said the delegation "expressed the PLO's appreciation for the King's considerations and his interest in supporting the Palestinian issue and the rights of its people."

The meeting was artended by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Royal Court Chief Marwan Al Qasem and Court Minister Adnan Abu Commenting on Jordan's decision to sever formal nes with the

West Bank, Al Siyassa newspap-

er of Kuwait said Saturday that the measures, as the King said, affect the occupied Palestinian land and not the Palestinians living in Jordan and were designed to give the PLO the full responsibility in the endeavours to regain the usurped lands. Al Jumhurieh newspaper of

Cairo paid tribute to the King for his endeavours to rally the Arabs and strengthen their solidarity. It described the King's decision as courageous since he gave the PLO leadership the wbole responsibility for the Palestinians

Salah Khalaf, a senior member of Fateh, the biggest PLO faction, has praised the Jordanian United Arab Emirates quoted Liberation Organisation to shoulover new political rights."

Khalaf said the

a Palestinian government then we will bravely tell our people it is not possible for the time being," Khalaf said.

In a separate interview with the weekly Al Usbou Al Arabi, Kha-

"Our people were against the Jericho conference (of 1950) and those who artended the conference were not real or elected representatives of the Palestinian people because our people were recovering from their wounds."

'That created the conflict of the annexation which meant stripping the Palestinian people of their national identity," be said. "Under occupation a new generation was born that knows only that there was occupation and there was Palestine."

"The generation of the Palestinian intifada has lived a Palestinian spirit under occupation and learnt not to leave its bomeland and emulate the earlier generations which took refuge and were turned destitute in Lebanon, Syria and Egypt.'

### 'Distinguished relationship'

"PNC meetings bave always stressed the distinguished relationship between the two people (Jordanians and Palestinians) and on the basis of this relationship we can establish a confederation between us. Previous efforts did not come to fruition and everybody thought that the PLO was finished. But the intifada broke out to reaffirm the Palestinian identity and there was proof that the intifada was related to the PLO and was not spontaneous and that the intifada's aim is to reaffirm the right to self-determination of the Palestinian people. It does not fight anybody hut

Khalaf said that a new healthy relationship with Jordan would be in the interest of all Jordanians and Palestinians. "Anything to the contrary would be against the "If we find Arah states oppose interests of both Jordan and

occupation.

Palestine," be said. "We, along with Jordan, the Arabs and the international community, bear

the complete responsibility... "The people in the West Bank and Gaza are united on one issue self-determination and the establishment of a Palestinian state," he said. "A state would solve all the problems of the Palestinian people... If the passport problem is solved then the problems of bridges, sales of West Bank and Gaza produce and students will remain to be solved. All these problems could be solved by the creation of a

Palestinian state." He said the Palestinians were always offered a "choice between two evils; what Israel calls the Jordanian option or autonomy in accordance with the Camp David accords. The intifada has surpas-

sed both. "For the first time we see a Jordanian recognition of the Palestinian identity on the highest level in Jordan, His Majesty the King. This will put the Israelis against the tough option of dealing with the PLO, dropping both the Jordanian option as advocated by the Israeli Labour Party and the Camp David option advocated by (Israeli Likud leader and Prime Minister Yitzhak) Shamir. The (Jordanian) move is positive.

The mission of the PLO team in Amman, according to Khalaf, is to "discuss the future and questions on how to move towards an international conference in which Jordan, Syria and the PLO participate on equal footing, either in separate delegations or in a joint Arab delega-

"They will also discuss the relations between Jordan and the PLO at this stage and in the next stage, after the establishment of a Palestinian state by which a wellresearched unity between the two identities will also be establisbed," he said.



Turkish Cypriots to see progress made on the Cyprus issue and Cyprus reunited again," be said. Turkish Cypriots, backed by an estimated 29,000 Turkish troops declared independence in 1983.

But only Ankara has recognised the breakaway republic. Conceding the difficulties ahead, Vassiliou said of the talks: "I should have said I was very cautious, or extremely cautious, if one takes into account the history of the negotiations until now and the fact that there are no indications of a change in

attitudes on the other side .... He said impetus would be crucial from other countries which bad a special relationship with Turkey, Greece and Cyprus and were interested in a solution.

Vassiliou also boped for a more positive U.S. attitude, which be said up to now bad been characterised by inactivity.

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### clash in Cairo; 19 hurt CAIRO (AP) - Nineteen people attacked with tear gas and sticks,

were wounded in a clash between stone-throwing Muslim extremists and security forces using teargas and sticks in a Cairo suburb, a senior police official said Saturday.

The official, who demanded

arrested, he added.

The official said the clash occurred Friday night outside a

prayers.

que," the official said. The police action apparently was part of a nationwide security operation that began after three Muslim fundamentalists serving life terms in the 1981 assassination of President Anwar Sadat escaped from a maximum-security prison in a southern Cairo suburb July 17. Two of them bave died in shootouts with police

In the fighting outside the mosque, which lasted less than balf an hour, the extremists hurled

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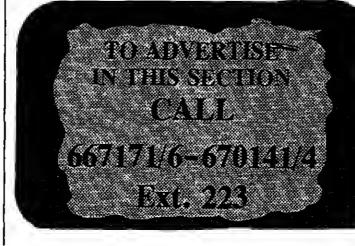
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## World faces higher food prices

LONDON (R) - Traders forecast higher farm sive export drive so as not to prices Friday after the United States said its worst drought in 50 years would mean huge crop losses.

cereal stocks from surplus towards scarcity.

But after initial sharp rises in Europe and then in the big Chicago market, futures prices for wheat, corn (maize) and soybeans shed some of the gains. Higher prices might be good for farmers but would be a dismal

outlook for debt-laden Third World buyers for whom less food may now be available as aid. 'I wouldn't be surprised to see

wheat prices at \$200 a tonne by this time next year," said one London-based trader. The price for high quality mill-

ing wheat was around \$100 a year ago. It is \$140 now. Traders said firm indications of how prices will move may emerge

only when big buyers like the Soviet Union enter the markets having held off pending the latest crop forecast by the U.S. Agriculture Department. This was issued Thursday.

It said the U.S. corn (maize) harvest may drop 37 per cent this year. Wheat output would fall 13 per cent and that of soybeans would be down 23 per cent to the lowest since 1976.

The U.N. Food and Agricul-ture Organisation (FAO) in Rome said earlier Thursday that the drought losses would bring world cereal stocks next year down to "the minimum level FAO considers necessary to safeguard food security.

Western Europe expects a bumper harvest this year but drought has also affected China and slightly reduced estimates of the Soviet crop.

U.S. officials see a possibility that the Soviet Union and many Third World countries may have trouble buying food in 1989.

The FAO says Third World importers may face difficulties in coming months because of possibly higher prices and lower aid shipments.

A Geneva-based trader said Friday: "If I were a potential buyer my personal feeling is I'd start booking now as prices may be even bigher later."

The market will closely watch the Soviet Union and China, the most unpredictable buyers, and to a lesser extent India.

Just before release of the American crop figures, the Soviet Union bought soybean meal and corn for feeding to livestock from Argentina and Brazil - presumably under Kremlin leader

The drought has tilted world more meal on Soviet tables. But European traders said most buyers had waited for the U.S. figures before making their

> Before the recent soymeal and corn purchases. Moscow bad been a cautious player, booking one million tonnes of U.S. corn in July by staying out of the wbeat

"They're sbopping for quotes," a Geneva-based trader said. Some European traders said grain prices may dip after an initial flush of buying but added that the key will be in a few weeks' time when major buyers are expected to make their deci-

Soyoil in Europe traded Friday six guilders (\$2.85) higher at 126 guilders (\$60) per 100 kilogrammes. Prices for soymeal for feeding to livestock rose £5 (\$£.55) to £177 (\$302.50) a tonne at the London opening call.

EC hopes to cash in on drought in U.S.

Europe's farmers, barvesting a bumper grain crop, hope to cash in on the North American drought to boost their share of a U.S.-dominated world cereal

Traders and market analysts say handsome yields in Europe and the worst U.S. drought in 50 years are a recipe for fiercer trans-Atlantic competition in the grain trade.

"The European Community (EC) would like to use the North American drought to regain its traditional markets in the Third World which bad been lost to the Americans," said an official at the French foreign trade ministry.

France, biggest agricultural power in the 12-member EC, is angry at what it sees as penetration of markets in North Africa and Latin America by the United States, the world's leading ex-

European traders agree the drought is a golden opportunity to cut back EC grain surpluses with exports to the Soviet Union and elsewhere

But officials at EC headquarters in Brussels have so far shown no sign they want to risk a new trans-Atlantic trade conflict. The United States and the Community narrowly averted one in 1986 over U.S. maize sales to Spain.

And analysts believe the EC

strain its budget with smuch bigger handouts to farmers - it subsidises cereal exports - as well as to avoid arousing the wrath of the U.S. Congress.

Also at stake is the current round of world trade negotiations in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) which are taking place against a background of charges of unfair subsidies on both sides of the Atlantic,

Traders polled by Reuter correspondents therefore predict a rise in EC exports as a result of the U.S. drought but say farmers will not get a walkover.

The Americans are maintaining a very competitive edge, so the Community is still facing stiff competition," said Brian Gardner of Researchers Policy Analysis Brussels.
Traders in West Germany say

world grain demand is likely to remain stagnant or decline slightly, particularly as the Soviet Union, the biggest importer, looks set to bring in a good crop.

The U.S. Department of Agri-culture predicts that EC wheat exports will rise this year to 29.7 million tonnes from 27.68 million. Exports of coarse grains used mainly for animal feed will grow to 22.79 million tonnes from 19.97 million.

European traders calculate that the EC could capture 18 per cent of the world grain market this year, up from around 14 per cent last year.

Rising prices of U.S. maize and soybeans also give European farmers a chance to regain the animal feed market, where cheaper American products have been squeezing out domestic grains.

French analysts reckon that European farmers lost five million tonnes last year in the animal feed market to U.S. imports. But traders say they could regain up to half of that figure this year.

The EC cereal barvest this year is expected to rise to 160.5 milliou tonnes, comfortably up from 154.4 million last year, according to Coceral, the EC cereal traders' organisation.

If this is correct, it will mean a three-per-cent price cut for EC farmers as it just tops a 160 million tonne ceiling agreed in February as a trigger for subsidy reductions.

But many analysts say member states may understate crop figures to avoid price cuts. France is beading for a near-

record wheat barvest of 29 million tonnes but this has been

old dispute over gas imports with

Algeria, which this year has signed more flexible contracts

with new customers, French gas

A less rigid approach to gas

orders by Algeria could signal an end to the four-billion-franc

(\$630 million) battle over sales to

France, its oldest client, they

has agreed flexible terms in re-

cent agreements with Greece and

state-owned gas concern Gaz De France told Reuters.

This year, Algeria has signed major gas deals with Greece and

Turkey. Industry sources said the

gas was competitively priced, and

We note with interest Algeria

' a spokeswoman at

officials said Friday.

France seeks to

PARIS (R) — France is hoping they imported each year. of a quick solution to a two-year-

solve gas dispute

In Washington, the U.S. drought will reduce American economic growth by 0.3 to 0.4 percentage points during 1988, a report by the White House inter-

agency drought task force said

GNP may fall

The estimates, bowever, do not represent an official revision in the White House projection of a 3.0 per cent rise in the gross national product (GNP) from the fourth quarter 1987 to the fourth quarter 1988.

On July 15, the task force estimated that the drought would reduce GNP growth by 0.2 percentage points. Since then the drought has spread and estimates of crop losses have grown.

"Despite recent rains, the drought of 1988 approaches the severity of the worst droughts on record," the task force said. Extreme or severe drought conditions now affect 43 per cent of the nation, compared with 62 per cent at the height of the 1934 drought, 48 per cent in 1956, and

46 per cent in 1936. The severe drought does not substantially alter the prospects for the performance of the U.S. economy in 1988 and 1989," the report said. "Nevertheless, temporary fluctuations in estimated real GNP growth may be experienced in the next few quarters because of the drought,"

The report increased its estimate of drought-induced farmproduction losses to between \$11 billion and \$15 billion in real terms, based on 1982 farm prices. The July 15 report estimated \$5

billion to \$10 billion in losses. Thursday the U.S. Agriculture Department estimated that U.S. farmers would produce 31 per cent less grain this year in 1987.

Actual farm income is expected to remain about the same in 1987, the report said, because farmers will sell inventory on band, and crop prices are bigher, the report

The total value of farm exports also is expected to increase in both 1988 and 1989, due to the higher prices.

"For other sectors of the economy, the full impacts of the drought are not yet known," the task force said. It continued to estimate damage from disrupted barge traffic at \$1 billion.

In addition, the task force retained its estimate that bigher food prices caused by the drought would increase the inflation rate by 0.2 percentage points in 1988

"If the new deals are a sign that

France buys 9.15 billion cubic

metres of liquefied natural gas a

year from Algeria. But since July, 1986, it has

refused to pay a 30 per cent

premium over market rates de-

manded by Algeria, which adds up to a total of four billion francs.

The two countries state gas concerns, Gaz De France and

Sonatrach, fixed a temporary gas price in March, 1986, to belp tide

Algeria over a slump in oil prices

But, when the oil market reco-

vered, the price of Algerian gas

soared. Negotiations for a follow-

that year.

Algeria is softening its attitude,

we could have a new agreement by the autumn," one informed

French industry source said.

### AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

Activity on the Amman Financial Market for August 13, 1988. Valume Contracts Regular market: 74456 JD 110121: 158 Top three companies: Arab Bank Limited 240 JD 25778 Arab Aluminium Manufacturing 9850 JD 16066 22 Industrial, Commercial and Agricultural (Intaj) 6610 JD 7907 12 Parallel market: 5249 JD Development bonds: Treasury bills & bonds: Other debentures:

### **ABA** to open main office in Amman code for arbitration between

financial institutions and provid-

ing training for Arab bankers.

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The Arab Bankers Association (ABA) is currently making preparanons to open a banking training institute to be headquartered in Amman to further bolster cooperation among Arab banks and among bankers, according to ABA member and chairman of the board of directors of the Cairo-Amman Bank Jawdat Sba'sha'a.

He told the first session of a training course for senior bank officials from 12 Arab countries that banks in Arab countries in general and Jordan in particular are called upon to help set up the projected institute by providing financial help and sending its staff for training in various banking

The success of ABA so far greatly depended on Arab banks support, Sha'sha'a said.

Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) Governor Hussein Al Qasem made the opening speech at the first session of the six-day course which was attended by 35 delegates.

Qasem said that sound banking operations rely greatly on sound internal organisation, control and accomplishment of services or

Qasem said that the Arab central banks have issued prope regulations which are designed to help organise and control the work of banks. The present training course, he said, will address matters related to internal contro of operations.

The London-based ABA was founded in 1980 with the purpose of coordinating interests of Arab bankers, improving relations with other countries, preparing studies for development projects in the Arab World, administering a

### **Hong Kong** banks raise lending rate

HONG KONG (R) - Hong Kong's two leading banks, Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank and Standard Chartered Bank, said Saturday they bad raised their prime lending rates by half a

sbortly after the Hong Kong Association of Banks announced a deposit-rate increase of half a point across the board at its regular weekly meeting.

ly expected after the U.S. Federal Reserve put up its discount rate by half a percentage point to 6.5 per cent in a surprise move Tuesday.

The Hong Kong dollar is peg-ged to the U.S. currency at 7.8 Hong Kong dollars to one U.S.

"Today's rise was fairly well predicted and obvious in some respects," said Ronald Carstairs. acting chairman of the bank's

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### AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Saturday rates Local sell/buy rates in fils .... 58.1/ 460.0/

#### Belgian franc (for 10) ...... 94.2/ Durch guilder ...... 174,4/ 176.1 French (ranc . Iraqi dinar .... Kuwaiti dinar Italian (fra (for 100) Japanese yen (for 100) ..... 279.2/ Swedish crown ..... 57.5/ 160.0/ Egyptian pound 58.1 Oatari riyal ..... UAE dirham ... 103.0 238 0 235.6/ Swiss franc ...... U.K. sterling pound ...... 636.7/ U.S. dollar ....... 371.1/ 643.1 Omani riyal .... Bahraini dinar 371.1/ 375.1 Deutschemark .....

### JORDAN BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Corporation ...... 603507 Ministry of Supply ...... Ministry of Finance ..... .... 602121 Free Zones Corporation ...... 642001 Amman Financial Market ..... 660170 Ministry of Planning 663186 Amman Chamber of Ministry of Commi Ministry of Agriculture 639391 Association of Banks in Jordan Central Bank of Jordan .... 630301 Jordan Association of Insurance Amman Customs Department Social Security Corporation Jordan Industrial Estates Jordanian Businessmen

### **Weekly Amman Financial Market trading**

AMMAN (J.T.) — The following table summarises trading activities at the Amman Financial Market during the week starting Saturday, Aug. 6, '88 and ending Wednesday Aug. 10, '88. (Figures in Jordanian dinars).

percentage point to 9.5 per cent. Their joint statement came

Bankers said the rise was wide-

association.

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Banking and Financial institutions		Name of company	Number of shares	of trade	Opening price	Closing price	Par value
Industrial Development Bank	1	Banking and financial insti	itutions				
Petra Bank					1.500	1.470	1.000
South Beautic Bank			5000				1.000
Section Chaff Rends							1.000 1.000
Housing Bank							1.000
Cairo Amman Bank		Housing Bank	452			1.850	1.000
Bank of Jordan	Ш			_	_		1.000 5.000
Arab Bank	11			11151	14.860	14.800	5.000
Jordan Finance House for Development   1.750   11787   0.520   0.530     Jordan Invascremat and Finance Corporation   1320   3427   2.059   2.050   0.500     Finance and Credit Corporation   4802   2.055   1.050   0.500     Finance and Credit Corporation   4802   2.055   1.050   0.500     National Perfolio Securities   6636   4561   0.880   0.880     Arab Finance Corporation   1700   2333   1.380   1.350     Jordan Securities Corporation   6149   4602   0.760   0.730     Real Estate Financing Corporation   6149   4602   0.760   0.730     Real Estate Financing Corporation   25   375   16.000   15.000     All Mashret Estabalge   7.000   7.000   7.000     RESERVANCE and February   7.000   7.000   7.000   7.000     RESERVANCE and February   7.000   7		Arab Bank	854				10.000
Jordan Investments and Finance Corporation   31300   54877   2.050   2.010     Finance and Credit Corporation   4800   25630   0.540   0.540     National Financial Investments   442   766   1.000   1.000     National Financial Investments   442   766   1.000   1.000     National Financial Investments   442   766   1.000   1.000     Arab Finance Corporation   6149   4622   0.760   0.780     Real Estate Financing Corporation   25   375   16.000   15.000     All Mashrek Exchange   900   4123   4.600   4.350     Insustrance and Feithsurance   900   4123   4.600   4.350     Insustrance and Feithsurance   900   4123   4.600   4.350     REFCO Life Insurance   900   4123   4.600   4.350     REFCO Life Insurance   900   540   0.040   0.090     Jordan Insurance   900   540   0.040   0.090     Jordan Insurance   900   540   0.040   0.090     Holy Land Insurance   900   1598   1.080   1.050     Holy Land Insurance   900   1598   1.080   1.050     Holy Land Insurance   900   1598   1.080   1.050     Holy Land Insurance   900   162   0.820   0.810     Arab Union International Insurance   900   162   0.970   0.940     Universal Insurance   900   162   0.970   0.940     Universal Insurance   900   1600   1.000   0.900     Middle Est Insurance   1510   13601   1.110   0.810     Services and Industries   1510   13601   1.110   0.810     Services and Industries   1510   1.000   1.000     General Insurance   1600   1.000   1.000   1.000     Ontal Espide Insurance   1.000   1.000   1.000   1.000     Ontal Espide Insurance   1.000   1.000   1.000   1.000   1.000     Ontal Insurance   1.000	- [ ]	Jordan National Bank	13425				1.000
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Jordan Insurance				4125	4.000	4	1.000
Yarnouk Insurance and Reinsurance	'		_	_			1.000
Holy Land Insurance	. 11						1.000
Philádelphia Insurance			1500	1598	1.080	1.050	1.000
Arab Union International Insurance	11		200	162	0.820	0.810	1.000
Jordan-Gulf Insurance		Arab Union International Insurance	_	_	_	_	1.000
General Insurance			_	_	_	_	1.000
Jordan Eagle Insurance			=	_	=	=	1.000
Middle East Insurance	'		_	_	_	_	10.000
Arab Belgian Insurance	,	Middle East Insurance					10.000
Universal Insurance	11	National Ahliya Insurance	5242	6395	1.230		1.000
Universal Insurance			1800	1692	0.970		1.000
Services and industries							1.000
Services and industries   50   65   1.260   1.290				•			
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Danco for Investment and Financial Facilities   6124   4077   0.670   0.650	11		50	65	1 260	1.200	1.000
Darco for Housing and Investment	Ш						1.000
Jordan Gulf Real Estate Investment	П	Darco for Housing and Investment	43949				1.000
Jordan Leasing Corporation	-11						1.000
Petra Enterprises and Leasing Equipments   1543   294   0.700   0.700	Ш						1.000
Equipment Lessing & Maintenance/Tajeero   3900   1053   0.780   0.770   1.010   0.200   1.00	Ш						1.000
Info District Electric Power	Ш	Equipment Leasing & Maintenance/Ta'jeerco					1.000
Irbid District Electricity	Ш				0.210	0.200	1.000
Arab International Hotels			7603	12079	1.660	1.580	1.000
Hotels and Tourism			_	_	_	_	1.000 1.000
Garage Owners Federation Office		Hotels and Tourism	_		_	_	1.000
Jordan Press Foundarion		Garage Owners Federation Office		==	- <del>-</del>		1.000
Jordan Press and Publishing	-11	Jordan Nanonal Shipping Lines	1900	1672	0.880	0.880	1.000 1.000
Dar Al Shaab Press, Printing and Publishing   27771   11437   0.410   0.410   1.970	Ш		_	_	_	_	1.000
Arab Pharmaceutical Manufacturing 6730 12944 1.970 1.920 Intermediate Petrochemical Industries 36730 44459 1.250 1.220 Jordan Phospbate Mines 16007 40814 2.530 2.550 Industrial, Commercial and Agricultural (Intaj) 8665 10592 1.250 1.210 Arab Chemical Detergent Industries — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		Dar Al Shaab Press, Printing and Publishing				0.410	1.000
Intermediate Petrochemical Industries		Jordan Dairy					1.000
Jordan Phospbate Mines		Intermediate Petrochemical Industries					1.000
Industrial, Commercial and Agricultural (Intaj)   8665   10592   1.250   1.210	11	Jordan Phospbate Mines					1.000
Jordan Kuwait for Agricultural Products	Ш	Industrial, Commercial and Agricultural (Intaj)	8665	10592			1.000
Jordan Sweets and Chocolate Manufacturing	- 11		_	_	_	_	1.000
Aladdin Industries		Lordan Sweets and Chocolate Manufacturing	=	_	_	_	1.000
Arab Aluminium Manufacturing   26854   42685   1.630   1.620     Jordan Worsted Mills		Aladdin Industries	26600	32488	1.210	1.220	1.000
Jordan Ceramics		Arab Aluminium Manufacturing			1.630		1.000
Chemical Industries		Jordan Ceramics					1.000
Jordan Industries and Match (JIMCO)   9250   5587   0.620   0.620	.	Chemical Industries					1.000
Dar Al Dawa' for Development and Investment		Jordan Industries and Match (JIMCO)	9250				1.000
Universal Chemical Industries   2260   3295   1.510   1.490   General Mining   200   265   1.310   1.330   Jordan Petroleum Refinery   7212   53285   7.390   7.400		Dar Al Dawa' for Development and Investment		7183	1.530	1.530	1.000
General Mining	11	Universal Chemical Industries					1.000
Jordan Petroleum Refinery   7212   53285   7.390   7.400     Jordan Lime & Brick   178050   35990   0.210   0.210     National Industries   1300   507   0.410   0.390     Arab Paper Converting and Trading		General Mining					5.000 t.000
Jordan Lime & Brick		Jordan Petroleum Refinery	7212	53285			1.000
Arab Paper Converting and Trading		Jordan Lime & Brick			0.210	0.210	1.000
Jordan Wooden Industries (JWICO)		Arab Paper Converting and Trading	1300	507	0.410	0.390	1.000
Livestock and Poultry		Jordan Wooden Industries (JWICO)	8475	9334	1.130	1.100	1.000 t.000
Rafia Industrial for Plastic Bags	Ш	Livestock and Poultry	1044	_	_	_	1.000
Jordan Paper and Cardboard							1.000
Jordan Rockwool Industries   52500   30841   0.610   0.600		Jordan Paper and Cardboard					1.000 t.000
Trans-Jordan Minerals Research	Ш	Jordan Rockwool Industries					1.000
Orient Dry Batteries Factory	Ш	I rans-Jordan winerals Kesearch	_	_	_	_	1.000
Wonlen Industries	111	Orient Dry Batteries Factory	_	_	_	_	1.000
Jordan Tanning		Wonten Industries	_	=	=	_	1.000 t.000
Jordan Printing and Packaging	111	Jordan Tanning	3108	6219	2.010	2.000	5.000
Mas Industries	Ш	Jordan Printing and Packaging			_	_	1.000
Arab Center for Pharmaceuticals & Chemicals   National Cable & Wire Manufacturing   37350   36662   0.990   0.990   Jordan Spinning & Weaving   35446   26188   0.760   0.750   Jordan Sulpho Chemicals   13404   29853   2.550   2.490   Jordan Cement Factories   55902   66973   1.230   1.200   Lordan Glass Industries   2713   2646   2713   2647   2713   2647   2713   2647   2713   2647   2713   2647   2713   2647   2713   2647   2713   2647   2713   2647   2713   2647   2713	111	Mas Industries	14	203	14.500	14.500	1.000
National Cable & Wire Manufacturing 37350 36662 0.990 0.990     Jordan Spinning & Weaving 35446 26188 0.760 0.750     Jordan Sulpho Chemicals 13404 29853 2.550 2.490     Jordan Cement Factories 5902 66973 1.230 1.200     Lordan Glass Industries 7712 2614	Ш	Arab Center for Pharmaceuticals & Chemicals	_	_	_	_	1.000
Jordan Spinning & Weaving   35446   26188   0.760   0.750       Jordan Sulpho Chemicals   13404   29853   2.550   2.490     Jordan Cement Factories   55902   66973   1.230   1.200     Jordan Glass Industries   2712   266973   1.230   1.200	Ш	National Cable & Wire Manufacturing	37350	36662	0.990	0 000	1.000 1.000
Jordan Sulpho Chemicals   13404   29853   2.550   2.490		Jordan Spinning & Weaving			0.760		1.000
Jordan Glass Industries 59972 66973 1.230 1.200		Jordan Cement Fordaria			2.550	2.490	1.000
2713 2340 0.950 0.940	Ш	Jordan Glass Industries				1.200	1.000
			ليدان	2340	0.950	0.940	1.000
Grand total 912,818 982,339	Ш	Grand total	912,818	982.339			

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Modern 3 bedrooms apartment, 2 bathrooms, modern kitchen, living room, dining room, slorage space, wall closets, new wall to walt carpet and a lelephone. The apartment also has separate heating system and separate water and electricity billing. It is located in Abdoun near Jordan Supermarket and overlooking Abdoun valley. The area is quiet.

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### NOTICE

On the occasion of India's Independence Day a flag-hoisting ceremony will take place Monday, the 15th August, 1988 al 9.00 A.M. at the Embassy Residence (between 3rd and 4th Circles), Amman. This will be followed by a reception from 9.30 - 10.30 A.M.

All Indian nationals are cordially invited to attend.

CONCORD

### Contracts replace lifetime employment in Peking

states to vary the amount of gas cessfully completed.

the deals allowed both client up contract have never been suc-

PEKING (AP) — Enterprises in Peking will employ only contract workers within five years, China's leading newspaper said Saturday, heralding the move as a blow against China's system of lifetime employment.

The People's Daily (Renmin Ribao) said that under the contract system enterprises would be able to fire workers. The workers will then "either find a way out for themselves or enter the ranks of the unemployed."

referring to China's old system that guaranteed workers a job for

the last decade by Deng Xiaop-

"This will finally break the iron, be fired.

life regardless of their abilities or Under the reforms pushed for

rice bowl," the newspaper said,

ing. China has been trying to include elements of a market economy into its state-run system. The government says factories that lose money should be allowed to go bankrupt and workers who don't do their jobs should

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Closing Price

1 550

247,560 2,500 0,950

9 600 (135<sub>0</sub>)

9750

4.350

BUDAPEST (R) - Said Aouita ran eleverly and comfortably within his limits to hold off Senegal's Moussa Fall and win the 800 metres at the Budapest Grand Prix athletics meeting Friday. Gaining valuable experience for his attempt at an 800 and 1,500 metres double at the Seoul Olympics next month, Aouita cruised to victory in one minute 45.42 seconds. Although he was well short of the best time in the world this year - American Johnny Gray's 1:43.70 — the Moroccan double world record holder ran an impressive tactical race. He held back as the nine runners broke from their lanes on the back straight, then cruised past to tuck into secood place for the rest of the first lap. Fall made his move with 350 metres to go, taking the lead and causing Aouita to lengtheo his stride. Into the home straight Aouita kicked, went past Fall with 80 metres to go and held nff the Senegalese's counter-attack to win by one metre. Fall clocked 1:45.66 and Dieudonne Kwizera of Burundi was third in 1:45.96.

### Soviet soccer clubs to pay their own way

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet soccer clubs will soon have to pay their own way as Kremlin leader Mikhail Gorbachev's "perestroika" restructuring programme spreads to sport. The official TASS news agency said the government had on Friday endorsed a document which will put individual soccer clubs on a selfaccounting and self-financing basis. Each club will be able to set up specialised sbops and cafes, produce sports souvenirs and advertise, TASS said. But it did not make clear what would happen to proceeds of ticket sales or whether players would be bought and sold as in Western soccer leagues. Soviet soccer clubs have traditionally been suppnned by the state. Most are at present attached to large organisations such as trade unions, factories, ministries or the army. But a debate has been raging here for years over whether Soviet sportsmen should be allowed to turn professional. Nacional soccer coach Valery Lobanovsky has said it is time to recognise some sportsmen are professional in all but name. TASS said a new Soviet succer union grouping players, coaches and referees would also be set up, aimed at giving them a greater say in the running of the game. Its first conference would be held soon.

### Fenech wants to unify boxing titles

MELBOURNE (R) - Australian Jeff Fenech wants to unify the three world featherweight titles after his destruction of Tyrooe Downes of Trinidad in five rounds to retain the World Boxing Council (WBC) crown. Fenech, who scored his 18th win inside the distance io 21 unbeateo fights Friday night, said he would try

### **GOREN BRIDGE**

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

A LITTLE LEARNING ISN'T ALWAYS DANGEROUS

West Jed a low club, East took two high clubs and then shifted to

the queen of diamonds. Our friend,

the declarer, won in hand, led a

trump to the ace and eventually con-

ceded two trump tricks for down

Now the 4-0 split was indeed un-lucky, but the heart combination

was old news for anyone familiar

with safety plays. It can be found in any standard book on play.

their club Iricks, the contract was safe as long as declarer could hold

his losers in the trump suit to one. If

trumps were no worse than 3-1, de-

clarer could not lose more than one

trick. Only a 4-0 trump break could

present a threat.

Since the only missing high cards

in the suit were the Q-10, that distri-

bution could be neutralized no mat-ter which defender held the length.

All declarer had to do at trick four

was to lay down the king of trumps!

Declarer would then continue with a

trump to his ace and another back

to his jack, and East would get only

one trick. And as the cards lie, East

shows out on the first heart, so de-

clarer continues with a low heart to-

ward dummy. Whether or not West

goes in with a honor, he will be held

By Harris

10 one trick. Try i1.

Suppose West had shown out

Once the defenders had taken

Neither vulnerable. North deals. NORTH A 8 6 3 WEST EAST ± 73 ↑ Q 1042 ↑ 9865 **2** 965 Void · OJ 103 # J84 # A K Q 10 7 2 SOUTH ♠ K t0 2 ↑ K J 9 7 5 The bidding: North East 2 4 Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: Four of ...
We have a friend, an old-time bridge player, who boasts of the fact that he plays "by the seat of his pants." From time to time we tell him that only proves that he is sitting on his brains—there is nothing wrong about learning something about the game from books and articles. Safety plays are a case in

Four bearts is a perfectly normal contract to reach on the North-South hands. It was bid quickly, and losi just as fast.

THE BETTER HALF,

to bring the WBC, World Boxing Association (WBA) and International Boxing Federation (IBF) titles under one umbrella before deciding whether to move up to junior-lightweight. The way Fenech recovered from a badly cut eye in the first round to knock down Downes four times before the referee stopped the fight in the fifth convinced the man they call the Marrickville Mauler he is one of the world's best. "I wanted to show the people, not just here in Australia but all around the world that Australia bas got the best fighter pound for pound in the world south of Mike Tyson," he said.

### Edberg on top of ATP list

CINCINNATI, Ohio (AP) — Stefan Edberg, champion of the 1987 Association of Tennis Professionals (ATP) Championship, is the man to beat in this year's ATP tnurnament which starts with qualifying rounds Saturday. Play in the \$485,000 tournament begins Monday, also at the Jack Nicklaus sports centre 20 miles (32 kilometres) north of Cincinnati. Edberg, the defending champ at Wimbledon as well as the ATP, was virtually certain to be top-ranked for this year's ATP Champinnship, officials said. Tournament officials conducted the draw late Friday afternoon. Diane Crawford, nf the ATP organisation in Arlington, Texas, said the ATP Champinnship's seedings were being based on Aug. 8 computer rankings of the world's top tennis players, which had Edberg rated No. 1. This year's ATP Championship field also features past ATP singles champ Mais Wilander, Jimmy Connors, Pat Cash and Miroslav Mecir. Tnurnament director Paul Flory said he tried to also recruit Yannick Noah and Guy Forget, but failed to get their commitments.

### USA defeats Cuba in women's basketball

CHARLOTTE, North Carolina (AP) - Katrina McClain's 20 points led five players in dnuble figures Friday night as the U.S. Olympic women's basketball team beat Cuba 119-58 in an exhibition game which nearly was postponed after the arena scoreboard crashed to the finnr nine hnurs earlier. Both teams were scheduled to practice in the new \$52 million Charlotte coliseum during the morning, but the 20-ton, \$1.2 millioo scoreboard crashed to the coun prior to the practices. Officials of the exhibition scrambled to clear the wreckage and replace the damaged floor. Coach Kay Yow's pressure defence shut down the Cuban attack seven minutes into the first half. Of Cuba's 19 turnovers in the first half, eight were committed in a two-minute stretch in which they got off just one shot. In that time, the United States went on a 17-0 run that propelled them to a 35-17 lead oo Bridgette Gordon's basket with 9:02 left in the period. Cuba broke the drought on a three-point play by Beatriz Perdona with 8:36 left in the first half, but the United States weot on another run, a 13-0 spurt which eoded on a fast-break basket by McClain with 4:23 left and gave the U.S. a 53-23 advantage.

### WBA to crown Molinares as champ

CARACAS, Venezuela (AP) - The World Boxing Associatioo (WBA) said Friday it would crown Tomas Molinares as world welterweight champion despite the New Jersey State Athletic Commission's decisioo to void his victory over Marlon Starling. "The Colombian Tomas Molinares, new champion of the welterweight division of the WBA, will be recognised by the principal authorities of this organisation," the WBA said in a statement from its beadquarters in Maracay, Venezuela, The WBA said Molioares would be honoured at a special ceremony "in which be will be presented with the sash that acredits him as the new world monarch at 147 pounds." The statemeot said WBA president Gilberto Mendoza will go to Barranquilla, Colombia Saturday for the crowning ceremony. In their July 30 title fight in Atlantic City, Molinares knocked out the American Starling with a punch appareotly delivered a fraction of second after the bell sounded to end the sixth round. Referee Joe Cortez declared the blow valid. On Thursday, New Jersey Athletic Commissiooer Larry Hazzard said Molinares' victory would not be recognised because the puoch came late.

### Poll says Americans think it unfair fight

SAN DIEGO (R) - Most Americans think it iso't fair that radically different boats will race for the America's Cup next mooth, according to results of a national poll commissioned by the New Zealand challengers. The survey of 1,050 Americans conducted this week by the Gallup organisation showed that 53 per ceot believed it was not fair that the San Diego defenders were racing a catamaran against the monohulled sloop of New Zealand. Thirty-four per cent said it was fair and 13 per cent said they dido't know. "This is the ultimate proof of the American sense of fair play," said Michael Fay, who heads the Challeogers' Syndicate. "Now we are clear oo the difference between the Sail America way and the American way." Sail America officials told Reuters they could oot compreheod the significance of the poll. "It's hard to comment oo something that has oo meaning," said Tom Mitchell. "Maybe Fay will be kissing babies oext week." The best-of-three series for the cup is scheduled to begin oo Sept. 7.

### **Baseball Standings**

NEW YORK (AP) - Major league baseball standings after Friday's games:

#### American League Easl Division

	W	L	Pci. GB
Detroil	68	46	.596
Boston	65	50	555 31/2
New York	63	49	.563 4
Milwaukee	80	57	.513 91/2
Toronto	59	58	504 101/2
Cleveland	54	62	.466 15
Baltimore	37	77	.325 31

#### West Division

•••		DITIO		
Oakland	74	43	.632	_
Minnesota	64	50	.561	81/2
Kansas City	59	56	513	14
California	58	58	500	151/2
Texas	50	63	.442	22
Chicago	SI	65	.440	221/2
Seattle	44	72	.379	291/2

### National League East Division

East Birleion					
New York	- 68	47	591	_	
Montreal	62	52	544	51/2	
Pittsburgh	63	53	543	SV2	
Chicago	55	58	487	12	
Philadelphia	SI	64	443	17	
St. Louis	51	64	443	17	

#### West Division

Los Angeles	64	50	561	_	
Houston	62	53	539	25	
San Francisco61		54	530	31/2	
Cincinnati	57	57	.500	7	
San Diego	54	61	.470	10%	
Atlanta .	40	75	.348	241/2	

### **Brazil** names Olympic soccer squad

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil (AP) Brazilian team coaeb Carlos Alberto Silva Friday named 20 players to the Olympic soccer squad but threateoed to leave the team if players oo foreign clubs don't show up for training.

Starters Andrade, Valdo and Edmar receotly transferred to European clubs, and it was uoclear wbether they would be released to play for the Brazilian

national team. The 20-player squad oamed Friday was essentially the same team that in Juoe won the Bicentennial Tournament in Australia. But there were a few surprises.

Neto, a 21-year-old midfielder of Guarani, was named for the first time to the national squad. Neto has been a standout for Guarani during its excellent campaign in the recent Sao Paulo State Championship and the current liberators of America Cup toumament.

Attackers Bebeto, of Flamengo, and Joao Paulo, of Guarani, also were named again to the national team after a onevear hiatus,

However, Silva said he would not tolerate a repeat of the confu-sion that preceded a receot European exhibitioo tour, when many starters didn't show up because they were negotiating their trans-fer to foreign clubs and there weren't enough players to hold practice.

"It won't happeo agaio because
I'll only show up if all the players
do too," Silva said Friday.
The players were to report
Tuesday for medical exams and
start training immediately in the mountain reson town of Tereso-

reaches semifinals of

**Canadian Open tennis** 

TORONTO (R) — Australian Mark Woodforde

scored another major upset by using his head as well

as a barrage of well-placed passing shots to beat

John McEnroe to reach the semifinals of the

Canadian Open tennis tournament Friday.

He buried his head in his hands minated second-seeded Swede Stefan Edberg, beat the eighthand shook his head in disbelief as the crowd of 10,000 gave him a seeded McEnroe 6-2, 2-6, 6-2 to earn a semifinals match against standing ovation after the match.

Woodforde ousts McEnroe,

"Mark played an excellent Curren, the 14th seed, outlasted sixth-seeded fellow American Tim Mayotte 3-6, 6-4, 7-5 in his quarterfinal. The nther semifinal on Satur-

day will have tnp seed Ivan Lendl going against Jimmy Connors. Lendl swept past unseeded Australian John Frawley 6-2, 6-2, while the fourth-seeded Connors squeezed by fifth seed Pat Cash of Australia 7-6, 7-6 with a pair of

Kevin Curren.

tiebreaker decisions. Woodforde, a 22-year-old redheaded lefthander wbo is ranked 50th in the world, fired in six aces

and broke McEnrne twice in the After falling to MeEnroe in the econd set, Woodforde broke

McEnroe to go up 3-2 and theo again to take a 5-2 lead in the challenge but was gl third set before serviog out the ended wheo it did.

Woodforde, who earlier eli- match at love.

match. He used his head very well and he mixed up his shnis instead of just hitting balls as hard as he could," said McEnroe. "I'd like in get another shot at

him. He's a guy wbo has a chance to get into the top 25. He's a dangerous player," said McEnroe, who is currently ranked 17th. Woodforde, who had never be-

fore played McEnroe, was "John's one of the all-time

greats. I just bad to come our and play my best tennis," he said. Conners, 35, withstood courtside temperatures that hit 44 degrees Celsius in beating the 1987 Wimbledon champion.

Connors said he enjoyed the challenge but was glad his match

Evert to meet Rehe in semifinals

In Los Angeles, Chris Evert recovered frnm an early lapse to beat fellow-American Patty Fendick Friday and advance. in the semifinals of the \$300,000 Los Angeles women's tennis tourna-

Evert, playing in her first tournament since her recent marriage, won the last eight games io taking a 6-4, 6-0 victory over the sixth-seeded Fendick.

Opposing the top-seeded Evert in Saturday's semifinals will be Stephanie Rehe who upset fourth seed Lori McNeil 0-4, 3-6, 6-4. The other semifinal will have third seed Gabriela Sabatini of Argentina playing fifth-secded American Zina Garrisnn.

Sabatini beat seventh seed Anne Minter of Australia 6-2, 6-4, while Garrison crushed her 15year-old enmpatriot Amy Frazier 6-1, 6-2 to advance.

Even, third in the world, raced to a 4-1 lead in the first set. playing her usual baseline game and keeping the aggressive Fendick away from the net with her passing shots.

Evert said she was not surprised by her first-set lapse.

### **AC Milan plays Bayern Munich in Wembley International Tournament**

tarnisbed by a new wave of crowd winner of the first game plays the violence, Englisb soccer begins its reparation process Saturday other teams do battle in the final when Wembley stadium stages a match. four-team tournament involving two of the biggest names in Europe — AC Milan and Bayern Munich.

Milan's Dutch soccer aces Ruud Gullit, Marco van Basten and Frank Rijkaard, who powered their country to success in the European Championships, will be in action at the home of English soccer in a four-team competition which also features Arsenal and Tottenham Hotspur.

Because of continued crowd violence involving its followers, English soccer has been ostracised from the rest of Europe at club level since the 1985 champions' cup final between Liver-pool and Italy's Juventus in Brussels' Heysel stadium, where 39 people were killed a stampede caused by rioting fans.

Believing they had curbed the violence, English clubs asked to readmitted. But following fresh outbreaks of trouble at the end of last season and at the European Championships, they withdrew their application. Against a backcloth of elabo-

rate measures to avoid crowd trouble at Wembley, two of England's most famous clubs will battle with Italy's AC Milan and West Germany's Bayern Munich Saturday and Suoday in a competitioo known as the Wembley International Tournament. The two oorth Loodon teams

meet Saturday in a tournament opener, followed by the Milan-

LONDON (AP) — Its image Bayern clash. On Sunday, the

To the teams, the competitioo is a pre-season warm-up along the lines of the San Francisco 49ers-Miami Dolphins football game at the same stadium two weeks ago.

In terms of crowd behaviour and the public spotlight, however, it is almost as vital as the Fraok Bruno-Mike Tyson world heavyweight title fight to be staged at Wembley oo Oct. 8. lo the wake of fan violence

involving English faos at the European Championships in West Germany, England's Football Association at first wanted the Wembley tournament called off, miodful of the further dam-age that could follow if Arsenal and Tottenham fans engaged in

But Wembley's vice chairman, Jarvis Astaire, who also has been busy arranging the Bruno-Tyson fight, said he was confident the world title contest would provide the only punches thrown inside the famous stadium in the foresecable future.

### IOC launches 'ultimate attempt' for full participation at Seoul

LAUSANNE, Switzerland (AP) - The International Olympic Committee (IOC) launched an "ultimate attempt" Thursday to get all countries, including North Korea, to take part in the Sum-

ner Games starting next month. The plan calls for North and South Korean teams to march side by side at the opening and closing ceremonies to Seoul, South Korea, each carrying its own flag and preceded by a single

Olympic flag.
"Such a highly symbolic event would allow the youth of Korea to show to the most striking way that it beloogs to one and the same nation, and to demonstrate its strong desire for dialogue and reconciliation," IOC presideot Juan Antonio Samaranch said in

a letter seot Thursday to the

heads of both countries' national Olympic committees.

An IOC official said the flag proposal was an additional effort made in conjunction with Samaranch's previous offer to have North Korea stage five evenus to meet its co-hosting demand. The official asked to remain unnamed.

The letter welcomed recently launched parliamentary exchanges between the two Koreas, whose bitter rivalry gained new dimensions after the South was awarded the games io 1981.
"The IOC is certain that all

peace-loving men and women throughout the world will manifest their full support to this ulomate attempt to ensure" full participation at Seoul, the letter

### **Jordan Times** Tel: 667171-6

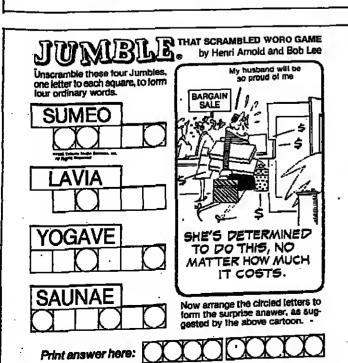
ACROSS

1 "— In Paris"

8 Adherents:



"Harriet watched lady wrestling for the first time yesterday.



Jumbles: NOBLE DAILY FRIEZE 'TNIP

### 10 Strong — ox 14 Good dishes 15 Overcharge 16 Shade of green 17 Član aymbol 18 Treal - - upman-20 — -upman-ship 21 Fiddlastickal 23 — milk 24 Put beck 26 Fr. Irlend 27 Court 28 Mudslingers 32 Starting point 36 Cut 37 Poe or Pope 38 Ma MacGraw 39 "— jolly good..." 40 Gar. river 45 Precise 47 Light-Horse Yesterday's Puzzle Solved: Harry 48 TV talking 7 Pith helmet 8 Play it by -9 Straw hat horse 49 At the drop of a hat 10 Bait user S3 Bathad 56 Interroga-tiva: abbr S7 Hint 58 Arises

THE Daily Crossword by Virginia L. Vartes

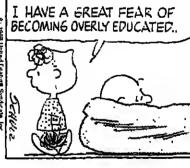


polis, near Rio.

**Peanuts** 



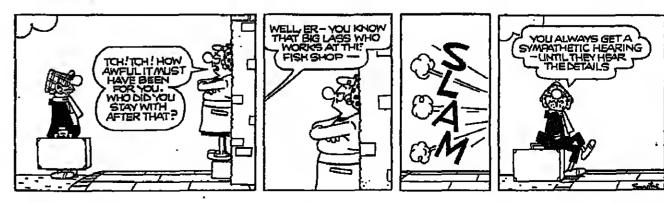




### Mutt'n' Jeff



### **Andy Capp**



# Tensions ease in Burma

BANGKOK (R) — Burmese took to the streets of Rangoon dancing and chanting to celebrate the resignation of hardline Socialist leader Sein Lwin after five days of bloody agitation against his brief rule, residents said.

into suburban streets despite an overnight curfew after Rangoon radio announced Friday that Sein Lwin bad quit just 18 days after taking over from his long-time mentor. Ne Win.

The news appeared to have brought a measure of calm to a country rocked since Monday by violent protests for democracy in which diplomats said hundreds of people were killed.

Residents and diplomats contacted from Bangkok said Rangoon was calm Saturday, with many of the protesters' harricades dismantled, shops re-open-ing and people returning to the city centre.

"There is a general air of re-turning normality," said one

"Our victory, people's vic- students who bad led the protests tory," they chanted, crowding told him the calm was likely to last until next Friday, when a successor to Sein Lwin was due to be chosen.

> Sein Lwin, 64, whose appointment July 26 triggered the upris-ing, resigned Friday night as chairman of the ruling Burma Socialist Programme Party (BSPP) and state president.

> Rangoon radio said the BSPP executive committee, its plitburo, and parliament would meet next Friday to elect a successor.
>
> Party and parliameotary milit-

ary committees, the key organs which have ensured security in the 26 years of repressive BSPP rule, will meet Thursday.

The studeots told me it would probably be quiet uotil next Thursday, but that if they don't get what they want maybe there'll One traveller arriving in Bang-kok from Rangoon Saturday said American Brett Lambert, who

flew to Bangkok after a week in

He said there was enormous relief among students over the resignation of Sein Lwin, the least popular man in the country for his long-time role in suppressing oppositioo.

The group I was with when the announcement came cheered. But they couldn't go out in the streets because of the curfew," be

By official accounts almost 100 people have died as troops opened fire oo mass demonstrations in cities across the country. but diplomats put the figure anywhere between 500 and 1,500.

Students told visitors the departure of Sein Lwin was just a first step and they were eocouraged to pursue to the end their demand for a more democratic

Diplomats said it was difficult to predict what would happeo

Few believed the BSPP would be willing to surrender the absolute grip on power it has beld since it was formed after Ne Win took over in a 1962 coup.

An emergency party congress July 25 rejected a proposal by Ne Win in his final speech as leader that the people should be asked in a referendum whether the single-party system should be scrapped and the country be returned to multi-party democracy.

"Although one man (Sein Lwin) has been removed, the system is still in place," roce diplomat said.

He said the party chiefs may be contemplating some form of collective leadership in place of the autocratic style of Ne Win, described by one ambassador as "an absolute dictator without wbom nothing of significance was ever

Ne Win's role in the present leadership crisis was oot known and there was only speculation about possible future leaders. People are waiting until next week to see who emerges," said one diplomat cootacted from Bangkok.

A U.S. pobtical scientist who has writteo several books oo Burma said Friday be thought Kyaw Htin was a possible successor to



A South Korean student slings riot police helmets over his shoulder after radical students decided to return them to police. The helmets were captured in

constration yesterday near the Korea

### Seoul students battle police in effort to march to border

SEOUL (AP) — Radical stu- ment was considerig "a grave dents battled riot police in scat- decision" this fall to protect the tered clashes Saturday in an nation from leftist forces. Newseffort to break through buman barriers aimed at preventing a march to the horder for reunification talks with North Korean

Shopowners and residents oear college campuses staged couoterdemonstrations, urging students to halt unrest, which they said hurts business and would mar next month's Olympic Games in

Also Saturday, a senior government official said the govern-

papers and political analysts interpreted the remarks as suggesting a crackdown on dissent after

Kim Yong-Kap, the minister for government administration, accused the studeots of seeking to disrupt the Olympics and overthrow the government and said, "the government cannot but make a grave decisioo after the Olympics if the current political situation continues."

A former military officer, Kim rean War in 1950-53.

official at the agency for National Security Planning, formerly cal-led the KCIA, under the authoritarian government of former Presideot Chun Doo-Hwan.

Kim accused college students of "seeking to disrupt the Olympics and overthrow the government by seizing on unification," a sensitive oational concern for the Korean peninsula, which was divided in 1945 into the Communist North and Capitalist South. The division deepened after the Ko-

# **Crowds wait hours to** pack 'Last Temptation'

LOS ANGELES (R) — Crowds waited up to five hours to pack cinemas for the opening of the controversial film "The Last Temptation of Christ," ignoring bible-carrying protesters who apparently gave the film a big publicity boost.

In Los Angeles, 75 demonstrators, many belonging to conservative religious groups, carried banners reading "Jesus is the Lord" and "don't distort his-story," and sang hymns to the waiting cinemagoers.

The Catholic Bishops' Department of Communications in New

ly offensive, meaning it is re-garded as unsuitable for showing to the 53 million Catholics in the United States. The picture, which cost only

\$6.5 million to make and would

York has rated the film as moral-

normally be given only a limited showing as an art film, packed both Los Angeles cinemas in which it was shown Friday night. "We know controversy sells tickets, but we are also concerned about violence," an official of

Universal Studios, which is distributing the film, said. The film shows a dream sequence in which Jesus, played by

Willem Dafoe, of the Vietnam war film "Platooo," makes love to Mary Magdalene.

In New York, another of the eight cities choseo for the first showing of the film, 1,000 people lined up to see the film at the

small, colourful demonstrations outside cinemas in Chicago, Washington, San Francisco, Seattle, Minneapolis and Toronto. In San Francisco, a demonstrator carried a 10-foot cross and another carried a banner reading "Hollywood's darkest hour."

Religious groups also staged

Scorsese, a Roman Catholic, has pointed out the film is based on a 1955 novel, "The Last Temptation of Christ," hy the late greek writer Nikos Kazantzakis, and not oo the gospei accounts of Jesus.

Similar protests have greeted other recent films with religious subjects.

John Paul led thousands of Catholics in reciting a rosary to "repair" the damage dooe to the Virgio Mary by the French film "Hail Mary," then playing in

In November of 1985, Pope

#### YORK, Pennsylvania (AP) -**WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF**

Mandela hospitalised for lung trouble

### Pakistan to lease U.S. frigates

WASHINGTON (AP) — Pakistan, loog troubled by the oaval build-up of rival India, bas struck a deal to lease up to eight of the 16 U.S. navy frigates the U.S. Defence Department is retiring for budget reasons, officials said. Lieutenent Barbara Keot, a oavy spokeswoman, said Friday Congress was informed of the deal in a letter written by Rear Admiral Thomas C. Lynch, the oavy's chief of legislative affairs. Congress has 30 days to block the transaction if it wishes to do so, the spokeswoman said. Keot said Pakistan would be allowed to inspect nine frigates. According to another official who asked not to be named, however, Pakistani officials

### U.S., Laos to discuss missing men

agreed to bold talks later this month to prepare for further joint excavation activities in the search for Americans missing in the Indochina war. State Department Spokesman Charles Redman said U.S. and Laotian officials and technical experts would meet in Vietiane Ang, 22 and 23. The talks will cover a number of issues of bilateral concern but the special focus will be "joint efforts to resolve the humanitarian issue of Americans still missing and unaccounted for in Laos," he told reporters.

has written a letter to President Reagan, urging him not to suspend the 1972 Anti-Ballistic Missile Treaty because the Soviet Union started to huild an illegal radar complex. The letter was made public Friday by Democratic Senator Edward Kennedy of Massachusetts and signed hy 37 Democrats and five Republicans. The senators noted the radar at Krasnovarsk, in Siberia, is a violation of the treaty but said the Soviet Union has halted construction and signalled its willingness to dismantle the complex.

three-year term as U.S. attorney general with a parting shot at members of Congress who often criticised him. Before leaving office Friday, Meese issued an order giving future attorneys general the power to name independent counsels to investigate alleged criminal violations by members of the House and Senate.

# Man takes lengthy detour to the dentist

### PELL CITY, Alabama (AP) A man who took a 1,800-

kilometre detour when he got lost on his way to the dentist finally ended up in the chair and got new dentures - for free - hnt not before his new driver also got lost. Frank Collier, a 76-year-old retired mill worker from Centreville, received national attention last mooth wheo he lost his way while driving to get his new de-otures from a Pell City clinic 120 kilometres from his bome. Collier, who had oever left west Alabama except for one other trip to Pell City, ended up oo an interstate highway and drove all the way to Muncie, Iodiana, 901kilometre journey. Police assisted him with directions and in getting in touch with relatives and friends, who drove him back. "I got on that interstate and didn't know how to get off," he said Thursday. "I just kept a-goin', kept a-goin', right out of the state, almost out of the country."

#### Dukakis sleeps in Taylor's bed

RICHMOND, Virginia (R) — Michael Dukakis told a breakfast audience Friday he had spent the previous night io Elizaheth Taylor's bed. The Democratic presidential candidate was a guest in Virginia's 175-year-old govemor's mansioo Thursday night during a campaign stop. He told a breakfast reception of party leaders afterward: "I oever thought that I would sleep in a bed that the Marquis de Lafayette had slept in, that Winston Churchill bad slept in, Dwight David Eisenhower had slept in, Elizabeth Taylor had slept in ...' The last name brought a roar of laughter from the crowd and the Massachusetts governor quickly added a tribute to his wife Kitty, standing with him on the plat-

#### Baldness remedy close to approval

KALAMAZOO, Michigan (AP)

— A remedy for haldness developed hy the Upjohn company is one step closer to final U.S. government approval, company officials bave announced. The Kalamazoo-based pharmaceutical company said it received an rovable letter from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for its topical minoxidil preparation for the treatment of male pattern baldoess, developed uoder the trade name Rogaine. An approvable letter is "historically the last step before final approval" for marketing, compaoy spokesmao R.D. Larue

#### **York County taxes** much too high

Everybody complains that their taxes are too high, but hundreds of York Couoty resideots really had something to gripe about. More than 400 people received personal property tax bills this week in excess of \$1 million. includiog one woman who got one for \$21 million. The error affected about five per cent of 8,000 property owners and kept assessment office phones ringing for two days. The anoual tax bills cover personal property, such as stocks and other investments. Chief assessor Steve Anderson blamed the mix-up on oew employees in the personal property and tax division entering data incorrectly on a new computer system.

#### Woodstock troubles town residents

BETHEL, New York (AP) -

Woodstock, the rock 'o' roll fes-

tival that came to symbolise the 1960s for a generation of Americans, is again at the centre of a cootroversy, this time over how hig its 20th anniversary celebration should be. On one side is the Bethel Town Board, which meets Wednesday night to discuss whether to allow voters decide what to do about next August's anniversary. On the other side are concert promoters who want to re-create the original Woodstock, which wasn't actually held in that town but kilometres away on Max Yasgur's farm in Bethel. Town supervisor Alan Scott said Bethel is against any extravagan-2a on the scale of the first Woodstock, which drew nearly a balf millioo people and endured heavy rains, lack of food and sanitation facilities, drug over doses and enormous traffic jams. And promoters want to capitalise on the good memories that the festival left in the minds of a generation. Woodstock came to . symbolise the sexual freedom, hedonism and radical politics that developed in the 1960s.

## Laurel urges Aquino to quit

MANILA (AP) - Vice President Salvador Laurel Saturday accused President. Corazon Aguino of incompeteoce and urged her to resign.

He called for new elections and said he would resign if Aquino

In a four-page letter that he read to reporters, Laurei accused Aquino of weak leadership against communist insurgency and of tolerating corruption on the scale of her deposed predecessor, Ferdioand Marcos.

"The responsibility to take the essential step to ease the nation's suffering is yours alone and I would not wish to usurp it,"

anniversary

GDANSK, Poland (AP) - Sob-

darity leader Lech Walesa laid a

wreath Friday at a monument to

fallen shipyard workers in a cere-

mony marking the eighth

anniversary of strikes that laun-

ched the now outlawed trade

A Solidarity spokeswoman said about 2,000 shipyard workers and

other solidarity supporters

attended the ceremooy near the

entrance to the Lenin shipyard.

The crowd chanted Solidarity slo-

gans, waved hanners and sang the

national anthem, said Joanna

T-shirt, helped put wreaths and

flowers on the mooument,

erected to honour striking ship-

two-alarm fire broke out Friday

on the 86th floor of the Empire

State building and moved up a

shaftway to the top floor of the

102-storey skyscraper before it was extinguished, the fire depart-

It took nearly two bours to put

out the fires, and three firefigh-

ters required treatment for beat

and smoke in hte 34-degree cel-

Walesa, wearing a Solidarity

Woiciechowiz.

of strikes

Walesa

marks

now make the supreme sacrifice by stepping down from the presideocy and call for an immediate election to enable the people to choose another leader for these critical times, I want you to know that I am ready to make the same

sacrifice with you," Aquino gave no direct response to Laurel's resignatioo

But at the end of a news conference called to announce an oil-price rollback, Aquioo charged that Laurel had oot supported ber enough, especially during coup attempts in Novem-

yard workers killed by security

forces during labour unrest in

The ceremony was beld two

days before the official 1980

strike anniversary, which falls on

a Sunday this year, to allow more

workers to attend, said the soli-

mediate word oo its cause.

One building occupant suffered

a cut on the arm but declined

treatment, fire department

No people were trapped, and

there was no general evacuatioo,

but people from the smokier up-

per floor were brought out from the landmark skyscraper, the ci-

spokesman John Mulligan said.

darity spokeswoman.

NEW YORK (AP) - A smoky sius weather. There was oo im-

Laurel said. "P \* if, in your conscience, you teel you must now make the supreme sacrifice members of her cabinet to an urgent meeting during a November 1986 coup attempt, Laurel did not show up until late in the afternoon "because he was play-

ing golf."
"Can you imagine what would have happened if 1 waited for him while be played golf?" Aquino said.

Aquino and Laurel were initially rivals for the opposition presidential candidacy when Marcos called a special electioo in February 1986. Laurel gave way after being persuaded that only Aquino could unite the splintered.



U.S. policy as well as the opposi-

tion movement in Panama have

fallen into disarray as Noriega

remains confident and in control.

civilian dignitaries Friday and

thousands of supporters gathered

cluded a military parade and a

The 50-year-old geoeral's only reference to the elections was to

repeat assurances that they would

Noreiga addressed military and

### **Defiant Noriega marks fifth** anniversary in power But the talks collapsed and

PANAMA CITY, (R) — Military leader General Manuel Antonio Noriega, marking his fifth anniversary as forces. Feidely, said ma defence forces Friday, said the United States would have to put np with him.

In a speech during a military and popular celebration of the at a Panamanian air base for the anniversary, Noriega told the Un- anniversary celebration that inited States: "Keep your hands off

trafficking charges.

"Forget aboot Noriega," he said. "Maybe Norlega is better than what is to come. Therefore it's preferable to put up with Noriega." The United States is backing

the sites of the building's popular

moves to force its former ally out of power and tried to negotiate a deal last May by which Noriega would step down in exchange for the dropping of two Florida indictments against him on drug

offer for peace talks

Fire put out at Empire State building The 86th and 102nd floors are

> observation decks, and tourists were evacuated from both. Bishop described damage as moderate in the utility shaft. Firefighters sped to the building after an alarm was telephoned at 1:01 p.m. (1701 GMT) by building employees who, discovered the fire in a utility room on

Nicaraguan rebel leader has re- site for more peace talks and also jected President Daniel Ortega's set several preconditions for the offer to renew peace talks in rebels' return to the bargaining Managua, saying the "climate table, including that Ortega doesn't exist" for negotiations in attend future talks. the capital city. Ortega made his offer for oew

**Contras reject Ortega** 

peace talks in Managua or Washingtoo Friday during an official visit to Ecuador, following the inauguration of Ecuador's oew president. He also criticised the U.S. Congress for approving new aid to the rebels, calling it an act of "aggressioo" and demanding that aid be halted.

Adolfo Calero, the rebel leader, Friday reiterated cootra lead-

QUITO, Ecuador (AP) - A ers' rejections of Managua as the Representatives of the left-

wing Sandinista government and the U.S.-backed rebels, known as cootras, agreed on a cease-fire March 23 uoder a regional peace plan that Ortega and four other Central American presideots signed in Aug. 1987.

The cease-fire ofteo has been violated but extended by both sides, most receotly by Nicaragua unilaterally until Aug. 30.

## Namibians sceptical of S. African proposals

Africa aid the UNITA rebel

South Africa, Cuba, Angola

the 86th floor, said Mulligan.

WINDHOEK — The people of Namibia also known as South-West Africa, war-weary and deeply sceptical after 22 years of fighting, see major obstacles to independence despite South African proposals to withdraw from the continent's last colony.

South Africa joined an Angolan war cease-fire Aug. 8, said it will pull out of Angola by Sept. 1, and tentatively plans to begin withdrawing Nov. 1 from neighbouring Namibia. South Africa has offered to

grant Namihia independence next June 1 if Cuba agrees to remove its 50,000 troops from Angola by that date. Most Namibians, who have been ruled by Germans and South Africans for more than a

century, are aching for both peace and independence. But they have had their hopes repeatedly raised - and dashed - ever since the United Nations Security Council in 1978 passed Resolution 435 calling for Namibian independ-

"The words we are bearing today are the same words we

elections.

ence and U.N.-supervised

heard 10 years ago," said Danny Tjongarero, a spokesman for the legal, political wing of the South-West Africa People's Organisation (SWAPO). "I'd like to be optimistic, but South Africa has proved ingenious in finding excuses to hlock Namihian independence," he said.

SWAPO's outlawed guerrilla movement has been fighting since 1966 to win independence for the mineral-rich territory, which is larger than France and West Germany combined but has only 1.3 million residents. SWAPO is considered likely to win independence elections due to its strong support in the cortb, where most of the population is concentrated.

South Africa calls SWAPO a terrorist organisation intent on establishing a Marxist state. Many Namihians doubt South Africa's sincerity in proposing elections within a year that are likely to lead to SWAPO government.

South Africa, with backing from the United States, argues that Namibian independence must be linked with the Cuban withdrawal from Angola. The Cuhans support Aogo-

la's Marxist government in the

13-year-old Angolan war, while

the United States and South

and U.S. mediators plan to hold further talks the week of Aug. 22 in a bid to establish a date for the Cuban withdrawal and independence for Namibia. Without an agreemeot, Nami-

biao independence plans appear headed for another derailment. Namibian leaders have heeo excluded from the peace talks and have been hriefed by the South Africans only after proposals and agreements have been

announced. "We know all the partici-pants in the talks still have tricks up their sleeve," said Andreas Shipanga, a black cabinet minister in Namibia's multiracial interim government, established in 1985 to pave the road for independ-

Asked if be thought Namibia would be independent by June 1, Shipanga said: "I'd like to bope so, but I don't believe

South Africa bas contributed to the scepticism by sending conflicting signals about its in-tentions in Namibia. South African President

Namibia in April and reiterated his government's commitment to white "group rights," which allow for ethnically based political structures and segregated schools and hospitals.

Botha also extended the powers of Louis Pienaar, the territory's appointed administrator general. Most Namibians condemned the actions and said they showed South Africa intended to maintain a firm grip on the territory it has administered since capturing it from Germany in 1915.

The League of Nations in 1920 authorised South Africa to govern the territory, but the league's successor, the United Nations revoked the mandate in 1966.

first time it has set a target date for leaving Namibia. But South Africa also raised several unresolved questions, such as who will help pay Namibia's bills and guarantee its loans ooce South Africa de-

South Africa's offer to grant

independence June 1 marks the

The announcement caught many in Namibia by surprise. Some say a sudden rush to independence could lead to

more than 40 political parties and 11 ethnic groups ranging from the nomadic bushmen to a 20,000-strong German community.

"The whites are very worried and you will see an exodus to some extent," said Kosie Pre-torius, a cabinet minister and bead of the all-white National Party. "We are concerned about the economy, about losing our cultural ideotity and about being dominated by a hlack majority government."

When it appeared Namibia was close to independence in 1978, some 25,000 whites — 25 per cent of the white population - fled the territory. Most went to South Africa.

The 75,000 remaining whites make up only 6 per cent of the population, but they pay almost 90 per cent of the personal income taxes and ruo the mining industry, the country's largest source of revenue.

whites out of Namibia and open ourselves to destabilisation," said Moses Katjiuongua, a hlack cabinet minister.

"We can't afford to scare

"Independence will create its own problems, but we can't go backwards now," be said.

#### Ziegfeld Theatre while 300 demonstrators staged protests. Rome.

CAPE TOWN (R) — Jailed South African oationalist leader Nelson Mandela is being treated in bospital for fluid around the lung, a hospital spokesman said Saturday. Dr. J. Strauss, superintendeot at Cape Town's Tygerberg bospital, said in a statement that Mandela, 70, imprisoned for life in 1964, was admitted Friday and was undergoing tests for a "left-sided pleural effusion." "He is comfortable and in a satisfactory condition," Strauss added.

have been told they can lease a maximum of eight of the warships.

### WASHINGTON (R) - The United States said Friday Laos had

Reagan urged not to suspend ABM WASHINGTON (R) — A hipartisan group of 42 U.S. Senators

### Meese ends controversial term

WASHINGTON (R) — Edwin Meese has ended his controversial